

**abandon**

n. [没有约束,放任情绪] lacking restraint or control; feeling of extreme emotional intensity; unbounded enthusiasm

*With her parents out of town, Kelly danced all night with abandon.*

**abide**

v. [忍耐,忍受,遵守] endure; put up with; bear; tolerate

*Oh, don't bother ME, I could not abide figures!*

**abnormal**

a. [反常的,异常的,变态的] unusual; not typical; not normal

*Fujitsu, Toshiba, HP, and Lenovo all insist that their designs are sufficiently different to Dell and Apple, that there is no abnormal risk of fire.*

**absurd**

a. [荒谬的,可笑的] preposterous; ridiculously incongruous or unreasonable; foolish

*Alice thought the whole thing very absurd, but they all looked so grave that she did not dare laugh.*

**abuse**

n. [滥用,虐待] improper use or handling; misuse

*The commenter said that he had stopped seven years of girl abuse in this area, thanks to Vito.*

**access**

n. [接触,接近(的机会)] approach; entry; entrance

*The only access to the village is by boat.*

**accidental**

a. [意外的,偶然的] unexpected; happening by chance, unintentionally

*Its curves are arbitrary and what we call accidental, but one after another follows it as if he were guided by a chart on which it was laid down.*

**accomplice**

n. [共犯,同伙] partner in crime; associate in wrongdoing

*Because your accomplice is a stranger, it's safer than asking a friend to participate in your ruse.*

**acquaintance**

n. [熟人] personal knowledge or information about someone or something

*He also reconnected with Doris Schmitz, an acquaintance from the University of Frankfurt.*

**activate**

v. [刺激,使活动] make active or more active; stimulate; make radioactive

*The carriers say they want to encrypt and store the credentials in the phone's SIM card, the small chips to activate access to mobile networks.*

**acute**

a. [精明,敏锐,聪明] quickly perceptive; keen; having a sharp point or tip; extremely sharp or severe

*Her early writing was grounded in acute observation of the natural world.*

**adamant**

a. [坚硬,不动摇] extremely hard; inflexible; stubbornly unyielding

*Speaker Pelosi came out of that meeting, and she was once again adamant about saying a public option must be in the bill.*

**addiction**

n. [瘾,依赖] the compulsive physiological and psychological need for a substance; being abnormally dependent on something

*No matter what form we find it in, addiction is not fun; drugs, alcohol, overeating, overworking, smoking or sex.*

**ado**

n. [忙乱,骚扰] doing; bother; troublesome business; fuss; bustle

*So, without more ado, let me introduce tonight's guests.*

**adopt**

v. [采用,采纳] accept; take on; raise; take into one's family

*In a late-night session, the United States, which has blocked most recent efforts to adopt resolutions on the Middle East, put forward its own proposal.*

**adorable**

a. [迷人的,可爱的] deserving to be adored; worthy of divine honors

*I just can't resist that adorable face and those amazing blue eyes!*

**adore**

v. [崇拜,热爱] worship with profound reverence; pay divine honors to; regard with the utmost esteem and affection

*All the girls in our school adore the handsome mathematics teacher who happens to be a bachelor.*

**affected**

a. [假的,做作的] speaking or behaving in an artificial way; emotionally stirred or moved; infected or attacked

*The other boys laughed so unmercifully at what they termed my affected accent.*

**affection**

n. [友爱,挚爱,情爱] fondness; tender feeling toward another; fondness

*I happen to think that the physical expression of love and affection is just about the best thing we humans do.*

**affirmative**

a. [赞成的,肯定的] confirmative; ratifying; giving assent or approval; confirming

*The result will allow schools to know what they can do and not do in affirmative action programs.*

**agenda**

n. [议程] items of business at a meeting; list or program of things to be done or considered

*His agenda is certainly different from the President's and the administration's, but we will seek additional opportunities to work together with him.*

**aggressive**

a. [强有力的,坚持己见的] making assaults; unjustly attacking; combative; hostile; tending to spread quickly

*During his tenure in Beijing, Huntsman was an aggressive advocate for human rights and pushed to expand U.S. economic ties with China.*

**agitated**

a. [被鼓动的,不安的] disturbed; excited; expressing agitation

*His face was very much agitated and very much flushed.*

**agony**

n. [极大痛苦] the extreme pain of mind or body; anguish; last struggle of life; death struggle

*'Oh, PLEASE mind what you are doing!' cried Alice, jumping up and down in an agony of terror.*

**agreement**

n. [一致,协议] state of agreeing; harmony of opinion, statement, action, or character

*We are in agreement with their decision.*

**airborne**

a. [空气传播的,空运的,空降的] aloft; flying; in the air

*It provides air-data and GPS-inertial solutions for airborne measurement.*

**alias**

n. [别名] assumed name; another name; a name that has been assumed temporarily

*Since the alias is already defined in our management pack, it should work fine.*

**allegiance**

n. [忠诚] loyalty to a nation, sovereign, or cause; fidelity to any person or thing; devotion

*They didn't want to salute the flag, saying that kind of allegiance is only for God.*

**allergic**

a. [过敏的,讨厌的] excessively sensitive; susceptible; having an allergy

*An attack by a swarm of reddish-brown insects can cause allergic reactions, which can be fatal in extremely rare cases.*

**allergy**

n. [过敏症,厌恶] hypersensitivity reaction; abnormally high sensitivity to certain substances

*Food allergy is distinct from food intolerance, which is not caused by an immune reaction.*

**alley**

n. [小巷,小径] a narrow passage, especially a walk or passage in a garden or park, bordered by rows of trees or bushes

*In 1958, he tore down the dance hall and built a six-lane bowling alley, which is still there.*

**ally**

n. [联盟,同盟者] confederate; partner; collaborator

*The trouble is that selling arms to this particular ally regularly involves commissions - in plain language, bribes - to well-placed people.*

**altar**

n. [祭坛,圣坛] raised structure on which sacrifices are offered or incense burned to a deity

*In answer to my inquiries, she informed me it was a covering for the altar of a new church lately erected.*

**ambrosia**

n. [神仙食品,美味] something with delicious flavor or fragrance; fruit dessert made of oranges and bananas with shredded coconut

*Hughes got a taste of that ambrosia, and he'll never forget the satisfaction it brings.*

**ambush**

n. [埋伏,伏击] disposition or arrangement of troops for attacking an enemy unexpectedly from a concealed station

*They separated into three hostile tribes, and darted upon each other from ambush with dreadful war-whoops, and killed each other by thousands.*

## amendment

n. [改正,修正] a change or changes made to the words of a text; revision

*America and Britain oppose this amendment, but some other European countries, particularly Germany, have always been lukewarm on debt relief and might be swayed.*

## amnesia

n. [失忆,健忘] partial or total loss of memory, usually resulting from shock or illness

*Selective amnesia is a politically valuable trait.*

## amulet

n. [护身符] object worn, especially around the neck, as a charm against evil or injury; charm

*In Thailand, the Jatukam Ramathep amulet is popular with everyone from Bangkok bankers to village taxi drivers.*

## anemia

n. [贫血] condition in which blood lacks red corpuscles; deficiency of red blood cells; lack of vitality

*Long-standing illnesses often result in anemia, loss of weight, and occasional bleeding from the stomach.*

## ankle

n. [脚踝] the joint which connects the foot with the leg; tarsus

*There was a place on my ankle that got to itching, but I didn't scratch it, and then my ear began to itch; and next to my back, right between my shoulders.*

## anonymous

a. [匿名的] having no name; having an unknown or unacknowledged name

*The buyer, who wished to remain anonymous, is a foreigner with homes in Europe.*

## anticipate

v. [预期,预料] act in advance of; deal with ahead of time; predict

*I thought she loved me, outcast as I was, and I, who from man could anticipate only mistrust, rejection, insult, clung to her with filial fondness.*

## antidote

n. [解药] medicine to counteract a poison or disease; an agent that relieves or counteracts

*They believe that because this anti-heroin antidote is what finally worked with some of the victims.*

## apology

n. [道歉,歉意] acknowledgment expressing regret or asking pardon for a fault or offense; explanation or excuse

*The consequence of those measures will be the best apology for my conduct.*

## appalling

a. [骇人的,可怕的] causing or fitted to cause dismay or horror; frightful

*I don't know why she's marrying that appalling man; I wouldn't touch him with a barge-pole.*

## appeal

n. [吸引力] attraction; charm; attract; fascinate; challenge

*Oxfam is making a big appeal for humanitarian aid to Darfur and neighboring Chad, where millions of people have been made homeless by fighting.*

**appealing**

a. [动人的,媚人的] attractive or interesting; charming

*The poor creature dropped on his knees before the stolid murderer and clasped his appealing hands.*

**appetite**

n. [胃口,食欲] instinctive physical desire, especially one for food or drink

*China's urban young are developing a growing appetite for the cool white look of platinum jewelry.*

**appropriate**

v. [获得,挪用,据为己有] acquire; take possession of for one's own use; set apart for specific use

*The ranch owners appropriate the lands that have originally been set aside for the Indians' use.*

**apron**

n. [围裙] an article of dress, of cloth or other stuff, worn on the forepart of the body, to keep the clothes clean

*At home, my apron is coated with food remains within minutes of starting to cook.*

**archer**

n. [(运动或战争中的)弓箭手,射手] bowman, one skilled in the use of the bow and arrow

*I am the best archer in our college.*

**archives**

n. [档案,档案馆] public records; place where public records are kept

*These documents should be part of the archives so that historians may evaluate them in the future.*

**arena**

n. [竞技场,舞台] a playing field where sports events take place; a large structure for open-air sports or entertainments

*For your convenience, arena locations have been divided into two categories; East and West.*

**arrogance**

n. [傲慢,骄傲] overbearing pride; haughtiness; manifest feeling of personal superiority in rank, power, or estimation

*I also think his arrogance is also turning people off.*

**arrogant**

a. [傲慢的,自大的,傲慢] arising from feeling or assumption of one's superiority toward others

*He often speaks in an arrogant tone, which doesn't encourage others to discuss with him.*

**arson**

n. [纵火,放火] malicious burning of a dwelling house or outhouse of another man, which by the common law is a felony

*According to police, at least 29 vehicles were destroyed in arson attacks this year; most of them are luxury cars.*

**arsonist**

n. [纵火犯] criminal who illegally sets fire to property

*No matter how big the fire, it was always put down to a discarded cigarette unless the arsonist was arrested.*

**artillery**

n. [大炮,炮兵] large weapons, such as cannon and missile launchers operated by crews; army branch in use of large weapons

*Our rocket artillery is simply a mass of rounds pointed at the general area of the enemy.*

**assault**

n. [(武力)袭击,(口头)攻击] a violent attack; an onslaught

*He's charged with interfering with the performance of a flight crew by assault or intimidation.*

**asset**

n. [财产,资产] properties; advantage; useful or valuable quality

*Hilary Rosen of the Recording Industry Association of America: American intellectual property is our nation's greatest trade asset.*

**assurance**

n. [担保,保证,确定,自信] promise or pledge; certainty; self-confidence; freedom from doubt

*Even in BP CEO Tony Hayward's new television commercial, his assurance is ambiguous.*

**assured**

a. [自信的,确定的] made sure; exhibiting confidence or authority; indubitable

*We are surprised to see the little girl paint with an assured hand.*

**asthma**

n. [哮喘症] chronic respiratory disease, often arising from allergies

*Indoor air pollution may have contributed to the increase in asthma rates since the 1980s.*

**asylum**

n. [庇护所] place of refuge or shelter; protection

*The refugees sought asylum from religious persecution in a new land.*

**attic**

n. [阁楼,顶楼] story or room directly below the roof of a building, especially a house;

*Of the various things you mentioned, the attic is a likely source of heat loss.*

**attorney**

n. [代理人,辩护律师] lawyer; one who is appointed by another to act in his place or stead; proxy

*Did this attorney mean to throw away his client's life without an effort?*

**auction**

n. [拍卖] public sale of property to the highest bidder

*The auction is over, and the winning bid was 1000 dollars.*

**audition**

v. [(对艺人的)面试(试演)] take part in a trial performance; evaluate in a trial performance

*She scheduled to audition for a role on Broadway.*

**authentic**

a. [真的,可靠的,确实的] not counterfeit or copied; valid; trustworthy

*It is authentic, genuine, and a true and correct copy of the original.*

**authorization**

n. [授权,委任状] act of giving authority or legal power; establishment by authority; sanction or warrant

*Foreigners wishing to marry a Mexican citizen must obtain authorization from the National Institute for Migration*

## authorize

v. [授权,批准] empower; give permission for; sanction

*President Bush and House Leaders agreed on a resolution to authorize force against Iraq.*

## autopsy

n. [验尸] examination of dead body; post-mortem

*The medical examiner ordered an autopsy to determine the cause of death.*

## awe

n. [敬畏] mixed emotion of reverence, respect, dread, and wonder; fear, as of something evil

*The tourists gazed with awe at the tremendous expanse of the Grand Canyon.*

## bacon

n. [熏猪肉,培根肉] back and sides of a pig salted and smoked

*They built a fire against the side of a great log and then cooked some bacon in the frying-pan for supper.*

## badge

n. [徽章] a distinctive mark, token, or sign worn on the person

*He was awarded a merit badge for his bravery in the battle.*

## bait

v. [欺负,玩弄,折磨] harass; tease; lure, entice, or entrap

*The school bully will bait the smaller children, terrorizing them.*

## bald

a. [秃头的,光秃的] hairless; lacking a natural or usual covering

*Although he carried, under his wig, a perfectly bald and shiny head, he had only reached middle age.*

## ballroom

n. [大舞厅] large room used mainly for dancing

*Arthur Murray Dance Studio in Toronto offers ballrooms and Latin dancing lessons, including waltz, tango, and other popular dances.*

## bane

n. [祸根] something causes misery or death; curse; fatal injury or ruin

*Lucy's little brother was the bane of her existence: his attempts to make her life miserable worked so well that she could have poisoned him.*

## bankrupt

a. [破产了的] penniless, without any money; financially ruined

*But opposition leaders say he's morally bankrupt and must now step down.*

## banner

n. [旗帜,标语,横幅] flag; sign; a newspaper headline that runs across the full page

*The red top refers to the color of the banner at the top of the paper.*

## barb

n. [鱼钩,钩状物] sharp projection from fishhook; openly cutting remark

*If you were a politician, would you prefer being caught on the barb of a fishhook?*

## barbecue

n. [烤肉野餐] a rack to hold meat for cooking over hot charcoal usually out of doors

*The authorities believe it could have been started by a barbecue that had not been put out properly and have announced that they will be questioning suspects in the morning.*

## **barge**

n. [驳船] flatboat; long, large boat for transporting freight that is unpowered and towed or pushed by other craft

*Another barge with fresh water from the U.S. military arrived at the site Friday to assist in the cooling operations.*

## **bark**

n. [树皮,狗叫] a sound made by a dog; harsh sound uttered by a dog

*She set off at once and ran till she was quite tired and out of breath and till the puppy's bark sounded quite faint in the distance.*

## **barn**

n. [谷仓,畜棚] an outlying farm building for storing grain or animal feed and housing farm animals

*I daresay it is only a rat scrambling along the rafters of the adjoining schoolroom: it was a barn before I had it repaired and altered, and rats generally haunt them.*

## **barrier**

n. [屏障,障碍,栅栏] obstacle; structure built to bar passage; boundary or limit

*The study says police must undo community distrust, which it calls a barrier to outreach.*

## **batch**

n. [一批,大量] quantity of bread baked at one time; a collection of things or persons to be handled together

*But the last of this batch is the most important and the best of the whole.*

## **beacon**

n. [信号灯,闪光灯] signal fire to notify of the approach of an enemy, or to give any notice, commonly of warning

*This is a beacon to help aircraft discover their position.*

## **beam**

n. [光束,铁梁,木梁,一束电波] ray of light; a long piece of metal or wood; long piece fixed or movable in structure, machine, or tool

*During a severe earthquake, each beam will absorb the shock by crumpling, thereby preventing severe damage to the tower.*

## **beat**

v. [打击,敲击,打败] whip; strike; defeat; hit repeatedly

*Speak roughly to your little boy; And beat him when he sneezes; He only does it to annoy; Because he knows it teases.*

## **beaver**

n. [海狸] amphibious rodent about two feet in length; fur of the beaver; tall hat, originally made from beaver fur

*To him, a beaver is a quarter of a fur coat for his wife or a nice hat.*

## **behold**

v. [目睹,看见] have in sight; see clearly; look at; perceive by the visual faculty

*We can behold a tiny figure in the distance.*

## **benign**

a. [良性的,好的,和蔼可亲的] kindly; favorable; not malignant

*Though her benign smile and gentle bearing made Miss Marple seem a sweet little old lady, in reality, she was a tough-minded lady.*



**betray**

v. [出卖,背叛] be unfaithful; reveal unconsciously or unwillingly

*The two spies betray their country by selling military secrets to the enemy.*

**beverage**

n. [(除水之外的)饮料] liquids for drinking, usually excluding water; refreshment

*How fragrant was the steam of the beverage and the scent of the toast!*

**bizarre**

a. [怪异的] fantastic; violently contrasting; strangely unconventional in style or appearance

*The plot of the novel was too bizarre to be believed.*

**blackmail**

n. [敲诈,勒索] extortion of money or value from a person by threat of exposing a criminal act or discreditable information

*Apparently, bribery and blackmail are legal if you work for Congress.*

**blade**

n. [刀锋,刀口] the flat part of the leaf, of any plant, especially of gramineous plants; cutting part of an instrument

*A dull blade is best for this job to avoid cutting fabric accidentally.*

**bless**

v. [祝福,颂扬] make or pronounce holy; consecrate; make happy

*My family and I will be praying along with Rick that God will again bless your country.*

**blizzard**

n. [暴风雪] a severe snowstorm with strong winds

*A blizzard is a severe winter storm condition characterized by low temperatures, strong winds, and heavy blowing snow.*

**blur**

n. [模糊不清的事物] something hazy and indistinct to the sight or mind; dim, confused appearance; moral stain or blot

*The blur is a visible condensation cloud that often occurs close to the speed of the sound barrier.*

**bodyguard**

n. [保镖,侍卫] guard to protect or defend person; lifeguard

*Having a female bodyguard is more than just a status symbol in Russia.*

**bogus**

a. [赝品] counterfeit or fake; not authentic; not genuine

*The police quickly found the distributors of the bogus twenty-dollar bills.*

**bolt**

v. [冲刺,快速移动] dash or dart off; move or jump suddenly

*Jack was set to bolt out the front door.*

**boost**

v. [增加,提高,促进] raise; advance; push or shove upward

*It shows political parties could boost their share of the vote considerably.*

**booster**

n. [支持者] device for increasing power or effectiveness; enthusiastic promoter, as of a sports team or school

*On the other hand, the booster was a public benefactor, no matter how ill-grounded his optimism.*

## booze

n. [痛饮,狂饮] drink greedily or immoderately, especially alcoholic liquor  
*If you think you like a drink, it means I like booze.*

## bore

v. [钻孔,令人厌烦] drill; make a hole in or through, with or as if with a drill  
*Three types of protein that enable the cells to bore in and out of blood vessels.*

## bouquet

n. [花束] small cluster or arrangement of flowers; an arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present  
*They are usually created with flowers that have definite form and add character to a bouquet.*

## bout

n. [一回合,一阵] a contest between antagonists; contest or fight; a period of time spent in a particular way, as in illness  
*She's still recovering from a bout of flu.*

## brace

n. [使稳固,架稳 支撑物] something which holds anything tightly or supports it firmly, as bandage, cord, or rod;  
*After the brace is on, the strap is tightened to pull the foot into a better position.*

## brake

n. [煞车 减速,阻止] a piece of mechanism for retarding or stopping motion by friction  
*A lot of the cost of maintenance goes into renewing the brake of my old car.*

## breach

n. [违约,突破,打破] breaking of contract or duty; breaking of waves or surf; fissure or gap  
*Jill sued Jack for breach of promise, claiming he had broken his promise to marry her.*

## brilliant

a. [辉煌的,才气焕发的] full of light; shining; bright; sharp and clear in tone  
*The refreshing meal, the brilliant fire, the presence, and kindness of her beloved instructress had roused her powers among them.*

## brink

n. [(峭壁的)边沿,边缘] edge, margin, or border of a steep place verge  
*Beyond the verge of provocation, I never ventured; on the extreme brink, I liked well to try my skill.*

## brutal

a. [残忍的,严酷的] like a brute; savage; cruel; inhuman; merciless  
*In many cases, a rich businessman reached the top by trampling others in the most brutal way.*

## brutality

n. [残酷,兽行] quality of being brutal; inhumanity; savageness; pitilessness  
*To write down his success simply to brutality is to oversimplify.*

## bubble

n. [气泡,水泡] foam; dome-shaped covering made of transparent glass or plastic; fantastic or impracticable idea or belief  
*This is the most anticipated public offering since the dot-com bubble burst four years ago.*

**buckle**

v. [皮带扣环,锁扣,扣环] fold or collapse; bend out of shape, as under pressure or from heat

*Then, to make sure the edges didn't buckle from the glue, I laid wax paper over it and put a weight on it.*

**budge**

v. [移动一点,妥协] move off; move or stir slightly; alter a position or attitude

*The trapped child was stuck tight and couldn't budge.*

**bug**

n. [臭虫,窃听器] general name applied to various insects

*It might have seemed to him a waste of ammunition to kill a bug with a battery of artillery.*

**bulb**

n. [球茎,球状物] the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball

*The light bulb hasn't changed a whole lot in its 120 years -- the original design was just that good.*

**bully**

n. [欺负,威胁] noisy, blustering fellow; one who is threatening and quarrelsome; insolent, tyrannical fellow

*I found early in life that the best way to defeat a bully is a punch to the nose.*

**bum**

n. [流浪,乞讨,差劲的人] one who is devoted to a particular activity; murmuring or humming sound; lazy or shiftless person

*Mike is such a beach bum. All he wants to do is getting a tan.*

**bumper**

n. [(汽车前后的)保险杠] something as bars at edges to absorb shock and prevent serious damage

*He insisted on changing the front bumper of the vehicle after an accident.*

**bust**

n. [半身(雕)像,过度饮食] the occasion for excessive eating or drinking; complete failure; sculpture of the head and shoulders of a person

*With major debt repayments due over in 18 months, the business could go bust.*

**bypass**

n. [规避,绕过] the channel used to conduct gas or liquid around another pipe or a fixture

*Heart surgeons use PRP to strengthen tissues in bypass operations, and some plastic surgeons and dermatologists use it as an alternative to facial fillers.*

**cadet**

n. [军校或警官学校的学生] younger of two brothers; student at a military school who is training to be an officer

*A cadet should understand that the war he or she joins four or five years from now will be a different war altogether.*

**canary**

n. [金丝雀,女歌星] pale yellowish color; wine made in the Canary Islands; canary bird; quick and lively dance

*The canary is a small yellow songbird.*

**canyon**

n. [峡谷] narrow chasm with cliff walls, cut into the earth by running water; a gorge  
*Valles Marineris on Mars is the largest known canyon in the solar system.*

**capacity**

n. [容量,生产量,能力] mental or physical ability; ability to accommodate  
*Mike had the capacity to handle several jobs at once.*

**carnival**

n. [狂欢节] festivity; traveling amusement show usually including rides, games, and sideshows  
*The armed thieves used a carnival street parade as cover for their getaway.*

**carol**

n. [赞美诗,颂歌] round dance; a song of joy; a song of praise or joy, especially for Christmas  
*Digging a bit, it becomes clear that the carol is, in fact, an Easter song.*

**carve**

v. [切开,雕刻] make something by cutting into especially wood or stone; sculpt  
*I realize the Senate schedule will be very busy this year, but I hope that I may work with you to carve out just a small amount of time to consider this important issue.*

**cascade**

n. [小瀑布] small waterfall; sudden downpour  
*We were too tired to appreciate the beauty of this cascade because we had to detour around it to avoid watering down.*

**category**

n. [种类,类目,范畴] group; class; a collection of things sharing a common attribute  
*Remember, all cars are priced, booked, and controlled by car category, not by car maker or model.*

**catholic**

a. [一般的,普遍的,天主教的] broadly sympathetic; universal; related to Roman Catholic Church  
*He was extremely catholic in his taste and read everything he could find in the library.*

**cavalry**

n. [骑兵部队] part of military force which serves on horseback  
*The cavalry is behind the rows following the center, which is filled with men and materiel.*

**cavern**

n. [大山洞,大洞穴] cave; large underground chamber, as in a cave  
*Four avenues opened out of the small cavern in which the great rock stood.*

**cavity**

n. [洞,腔,蛀洞] hole; cavern; hollow area within the body  
*What is a cavity in a tooth? Why do they drill it?*

**celebrated**

a. [名人] famous; well-known; having illustrious past  
*Thanks to their race to break Roger Maris's home-run record, Sammy Sosa and Mark McGwire are two of America's most celebrated baseball players.*

**celebrity**

n. [名人] a widely known person

*He was a baseball celebrity.*

## cellar

n. [地下室,酒窖] room or rooms under a building, and usually below the surface of the ground

*The New Zealand wineries are similar to the American wineries and welcome visitors to what they call the cellar door.*

## cemetery

n. [坟墓,公墓] place or ground set apart for the burial of the dead; graveyard

*A vehicle for conveying a coffin is to a church or cemetery.*

## cereal

n. [谷类,谷类食品] grass such as wheat, oats, or corn, the starchy grains of which are used as a food

*I have a bowl of cereal every morning.*

## cerebral

a. [脑的,智力的] relating to the brain or cerebrum; intellectual rather than emotional

*The content of philosophical works is cerebral in nature and requires much thought.*

## chaos

n. [混乱] disorder; condition or place of great disorder or confusion; disorderly mass

*Their job is to stop a repeat of the chaos that blighted the last election in 2002.*

## chap

n. [(皮肤)变粗糙,皴裂] crack, as in earth surface; splitting of skin, caused by cold or exposure; one of the jaws or cheeks; man or boy

*And the boy is dying - that's the worst of it - oh! a poor little chap, that is the worst of it!*

## charitable

a. [慈善事业的,慈善的,仁慈的] benevolent; kind and not judging people in a negative way

*The entire organization is funded by charitable donations.*

## charity

n. [仁慈,施舍] activity or gift that benefits the public at large

*This is potentially embarrassing for those involved in the concerts, as the rock stars use charity to disguise self-promotion.*

## charter

v. [包租,特许] license; authorize; hold under a lease or rental agreement of goods and services

*As a result, we decide to charter the school to use bigger writing for the French version.*

## chase

v. [追捕] pursue to kill or take; hunt; follow as if to catch

*He saw the policeman chase the mugger down the alley.*

## chateau

n. [城堡,高级旅馆] impressive country house or castle in France; large country house

*This elegant, 19th-century chateau has a total of some 800 square meters, over 4 floors.*

## chevron

n. [军警袖章,V形图案] badge consisting of stripes meeting at an angle, worn on the sleeve of military or police uniform to indicate rank

*He has very large tattoos on his upper arms, including an army chevron about the size of a grapefruit - it is the rank of a Staff Sergeant that he claims he is.*

**chic**

n. [漂亮的,时髦的] good form; style; elegance under being fashionable

*Of course, most regular folks aren't greeted by name stand in front of this chic Beverly Hills beauty salon.*

**chimera**

n. [神话怪物,梦幻] monster represented as vomiting flames, and as having lion head, goat body, and dragon tail

*Now that's an interesting political animal or chimera or whatever.*

**choir**

n. [(教堂的)歌唱队] band or organized company of singers, especially in church service

*Some people will say that being in a choir is lots of involvement because you have both rehearsals and services, which is true.*

**chop**

v. [砍] hew; cut by striking with a heavy sharp tool, such as an ax

*Jim told me to chop off the snake's head and throw it away, and then skin the body and roast a piece of it.*

**chorus**

n. [合唱队,歌舞团] any utterance produced simultaneously by a group

*'But who is to give the prizes?' quite a chorus of voices asked.*

**chubby**

a. [丰满的,圆胖的] of a person, slightly overweight, somewhat fat and hence soft; rounded, and plump

*Hi Pille, chubby is definitely better if it means more chocolate!*

**chuck**

v. [召唤(小鸡),放弃,离职] toss or throw smartly out of hand; make noise or call, as a hen calls her chickens

*Let's chuck all these old papers away.*

**chump**

n. [呆子,笨蛋] short, thick, heavy piece of wood; stupid or foolish person

*He would be much more than some chump pretending to play guitar and sing with his musical talent.*

**chunk**

n. [大块,矮胖的人或物] a thick mass or piece, amount

*Mary, get me a silk thread and a chunk of fire out of the kitchen.*

**cider**

n. [苹果酒,苹果汁] beverage made from juice pressed from apples

*When my parents have too much cider, they let some of it turn into vinegar.*

**civilian**

a. [平民的,民用的,,非军事的] of or relating to non-military life

*The first is integrating former rebels back into civilian life.*

**clam**

v. [沾湿的,湿滑的] be moist or glutinous; stick or adhere; produce or cause to clang

*It just takes a conscious effort to clam when everyone around you is hysterical, and consider some other tips included in this book.*

**clamp**

n. [钳子, 钳紧] any of various devices used to join, grip, support, or compress mechanical or structural parts

*Her hand darted out, fastening over Lawanda's emaciated wrist like a clamp.*

**clarity**

n. [清楚] clearness of thought or style; brightness; splendor

*With the re-designed screens on the new iPad, the clarity is much better than most all papers.*

**clientele**

n. [常客] clients of professional person; the body of customers or patrons

*Her clientele is slightly different from the average movie store because most of her customers only have a limited interest in a film due to busy schedules.*

**closure**

n. [关闭] act of shutting; closing

*We finally brought the project to closure.*

**clot**

n. [凝块, 使凝成块] thick, viscous, or coagulated mass or lump, as of blood; compact group

*You can see a clot of automobiles blocking the tunnel's entrance.*

**clumsy**

a. [笨拙的] awkward; showing lack of skill or aptitude

*I did the same thing except with a Bunker Buster, but the shock wave made me stumble and made me look like a clumsy loser.*

**coalition**

n. [伙伴, 同盟, 集合] partnership; league; state of being combined into one body

*The Rainbow coalition united people of all races in a common cause.*

**coincidence**

n. [巧合] two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

*Was it just a coincidence that she and John had chanced to meet at the market, or was he deliberately trying to seek her out?*

**collision**

n. [碰撞, 冲突, 抵触] crash; conflict of opposed ideas or attitudes or goals

*The collision of the particles resulted in an exchange of energy and a change of direction.*

**colossal**

a. [巨大] of extraordinary size; huge; gigantic

*Radio City Music Hall has a colossal stage.*

**coma**

n. [昏迷状态] state of profound insensibility from which it is difficult or impossible to rouse a person

*A person in a coma is alive but unconscious.*

**commence**

v. [开始, 倡导] have a beginning or origin; originate; start; begin

*Mrs. Fairfax swallowed her breakfast and hastened away to commence operations.*

**commitment**

n. [信奉, 支持, 许诺, 承担义务] pledge, undertaking; an act of binding yourself to a course of action

*My main commitment is to promote human values; this is what I consider the key factor for a happy life at the individual level, family level, and community level.*

### **commotion**

n. [骚动,动乱] disturbed or violent motion; agitation; public disturbance; riot; excitement

*For the Mouse was swimming away from her as hard as it could go and making quite a commotion in the pool as it went.*

### **compact**

a. [简明扼要的,紧缩的] closely and firmly united or packed together; briefly giving a gist of something

*His short, compact body was better suited to wrestling than to basketball.*

### **compassion**

n. [同情,怜悯] the sensation of sorrow excited by the distress or misfortunes of another; pity; commiseration

*Many men were moved, and many women's compassion testified itself in tears.*

### **compassionate**

a. [有同情心的] having a temper or disposition to pity; sympathetic; merciful

*The plight of the refugees arouses the compassionate older man.*

### **compatible**

a. [和谐的] harmonious; having similar disposition and tastes

*They were compatible neighbors, never quarreling over unimportant matters.*

### **compelling**

a. [强制的] overpowering; drivingly forceful; urgently requiring attention

*They had better not succeed in compelling anyone to work the proposed shift to midnight.*

### **compliment**

n. [恭维,称赞] praise; commendation; say something to someone that expresses praise

*A compliment is a gift, not to be thrown away carelessly unless you want to hurt the giver.*

### **compromise**

v. [危害,妥协] adjust or settle by making mutual concessions; endanger the interests or reputation of

*Sometimes the presence of a neutral third party can help adversaries compromise their differences.*

### **compulsive**

a. [难以抑制的] having the power to compel; exercising or applying compulsion.

*There were hundreds of warrior robots of various sizes walking about, waving arms and rods, having no tasks to do but in compulsive, meaningless motion.*

### **con**

ad. [反对,负面] against the affirmative side; in opposition; on the negative side

*They debated the issue pro and con but cannot get any result.*

### **concede**

v. [勉强,让步,屈从] admit; yield; give up physical control of another

*Despite all the evidence Monica had assembled, Mark refused to concede that she was right.*

### **conceive**

v. [构思,设想] form or develop in mind; devise; become pregnant with; begin or originate in a specific way



*I asked, was it a mere nervous impression - a delusion? I could not conceive or believe it: it was more like an inspiration.*

### **concussion**

n. [脑震荡,震动] shaking or agitation; shock; injury to an organ, especially the brain, produced by a violent blow

*Harris suffered a concussion from the hit and did not return to the game.*

### **condemn**

v. [声讨,谴责] blame; denounce; express strong disapproval of

*They are more than twice as likely as other Americans to condemn gambling as 'always morally wrong.'*

### **confide**

v. [吐露(心事),倾诉] disclose; reveal; tell in confidence

*I rely implicitly on his power and confide wholly in His goodness.*

### **confront**

v. [面对,正视] be face to face with; oppose in hostility or competition; deal with

*Here in the heart of conservative Texas, young criminals, murderers and thugs are forced to confront military-style discipline, a traditional view of right and wrong.*

### **confrontation**

n. [对抗] state of being confronted, especially a meeting face to face; clash of opinions and ideas

*The daily confrontation was not often caught on camera 10 years ago, but more electronic monitors and smartphones have been changing it.*

### **conjure**

v. [呼唤,恳求,变魔术,变戏法] call on or summon by sacred name or in a solemn manner; implore earnestly; practice magical arts

*The magician will conjure a rabbit out of his hat.*

### **consolation**

n. [安慰,慰藉] act of consoling; state of being consoled; refreshment of spirit; comfort

*Your kindness was a consolation to me in my grief.*

### **console**

v. [安慰,抚慰] cheer from distress or depression; alleviate grief and raise spirits of; relieve; comfort

*With him, I was at perfect ease because I knew I suited him; all I said or did seem either to console or revive him.*

### **conspiracy**

n. [阴谋] plot; intrigue; agreement to perform together an illegal, wrongful, or subversive act

*Information minister Jerry Gana released a statement in which he says there has been an international media conspiracy against Nigeria.*

### **constellation**

n. [星座] some stars seen from the Earth as a group and often having a name

*The brightened comet in the constellation Virgo may even be visible to the naked eye, allowing members of the public worldwide to join in this historic moment in astronomy.*

### **contagious**

a. [传染性的,有感染力的] infectious; of or relating to communicable diseases

*The Hurley Hospital's isolation building presents a solution to the problem for the care of contagious diseases.*

### **contempt**

n. [轻视,鄙视] state of being despised or dishonored; disgrace; disobedience to, or open disrespect of

*The poor fools, who hold science in contempt, have no ability to realize that science proves them wrong at every turn.*

### **continent**

n. [大陆] one of the large landmasses of the earth

*The links between the world's largest developing country, China, and the world's largest developing continent could challenge Europe and Africa's links.*

### **contingency**

n. [意外事件,可能性] condition of being dependent on chance; uncertainty; possibility

*Once relative health and relative safety were sufficient, we demanded absolute health and utter safety against the remotest contingency.*

### **contract**

v. [收缩] constrict; make smaller; compress or concentrate

*The heat will contract the woolen garment.*

### **convert**

n. [改变,转换,皈依] change something into another form; transform

*However, he suggests that this only be done if the convert is also willingly accepted into his position by the community.*

### **convertible**

a. [可转换的,敞篷车] capable of being converted; susceptible of change; transmutable; transformable

*We plan to settle the remaining \$10 million of short-term convertible debt in cash when it is exercised before August 2011.*

### **convict**

v. [证明有罪,宣告有罪] find or declare guilty

*If the jury decided to convict him of manslaughter, he could face up to 20 years in prison.*

### **conviction**

n. [定罪,深信] the judgment that someone is guilty of a crime; strongly held belief

*Even her murder conviction did not shake Peter's judgment that Harriet was innocent of the crime.*

### **coop**

n. [酒桶,(鸡)笼,栏] barrel or cask for liquor; enclosure or cage, as for poultry or small animals

*I would say they are very valid from a quality price point of view, you see them in coop supermarkets priced at 5-6 Euros.*

### **corny**

a. [谷物相关的,坚硬的,平淡无奇的,乡巴佬的] producing corn or grain; furnished with grains of corn; strong, stiff, or hard, like a horn;

*The only odor is a little bit corny - as it's made from corn!*

### **corporal**

a. [(士兵)下士,肉体的,身体的] belonging or relating to the body; bodily; noncommissioned officer, next below a sergeant

*A teacher should not give students corporal punishment.*

**corporate**

a. [团体的,共同的] united or combined into one body; collective; belonging to a corporation or incorporated body

*The demonstrators inspired thousands of allies to take to the streets to protest economic inequality and corporate greed.*

**cosmic**

a. [宇宙的,广大无边的] of the universe; vast

*Cosmic rays derive their name from the fact that they bombard the earth's atmosphere from outer space.*

**costume**

n. [服装] dress; attire; a set of clothes appropriate for a particular occasion or season

*His dark eyes and swarthy skin suited the costume exactly.*

**couch**

n. [长沙发,睡椅] sofa; arrange or dispose as in a bed

*His black leather couch looks expensive.*

**counterfeit**

v. [伪造,仿造] make a copy of, usually with the intent to defraud; forge

*Toad doesn't actually change his ways but instead simply learns to counterfeit socially acceptable virtues in order to be accepted by his society.*

**coup**

n. [出乎意料的行动,政变] sudden stroke; sudden appropriation of leadership or power; a takeover

*I'd rather see the craziest policies coming out of democracy than excellent ones coming after a coup from a military junta.*

**covert**

a. [隐蔽的,暗地里的,偷偷摸摸的] secretive, not openly shown

*The covert military operation was not disclosed until weeks later after it was determined to succeed.*

**coy**

a. [腼腆的,忸怩的] quiet; still; tending to avoid people and social situations; reserved

*He is neither coy nor subtle; he is courting his own distorted view of the truth.*

**cram**

v. [填塞,匆忙准备] pack; force, press, or squeeze into an insufficient space

*At its peak, a million people cram onto the streets over the two-day festival.*

**cramp**

n. [铁箍,夹子] something that confines or contracts; restraint; hindrance

*The swimmer got cramp in his legs and had to be helped out of the water.*

**cramped**

a. [狭促的,难辨的,难懂的] jammed; stuffed; uncomfortably small or restricted

*The report says some masters house their workers in bad conditions - cramped, damp dormitory blocks with poor sanitation.*

**crank**

n. [曲柄,古怪的人] device for rotary motion, by handle or arm; bend, turn, or winding, as of a passage; twist or turn in speech

*I was laughed at, ridiculed, and generally called a crank to write that article; however, every word has become true.*

## cranky

a. [怪癖的,不稳的] having a bad disposition; having eccentric ways; odd; full of bends and turns; crooked

*For most of her life, she lived in cranky desperation.*

## crate

n. [篓,板条箱] large basket, used for moving china or similar wares; box or case whose sides are of wooden slats with interspaces

*A large glass or plastic bottle is usually encased in a protective basket or crate and often used to hold corrosive liquids.*

## crave

v. [渴望,热望] ask with earnestness or importunity; ask with submission or humility; beg

*He knows that if they trust him, he can give them the happiness which they crave.*

## craving

n. [强烈的欲望] vehement or urgent desire; longing for; consuming desire; yearning

*If your chocolate craving is getting to you, try diet hot-chocolate packets.*

## creed

n. [信条,教义] definite summary of what is believed; confession of faith for public use

*The laws apply to everyone irrespective of race, creed, or color.*

## creek

n. [小溪,小河] a small stream, often a shallow tributary to a river; brook

*There was a creek leading out of it on the other side that went miles away; I don't know where, but it didn't go to the river.*

## cripple

n. [削弱,残废,跛子] person or animal that is partially disabled or unable to use a limb or limb

*I have no muscle left in my leg; it's like a true cripple leg.*

## crook

v. [使弯曲] bend, turn, or curve; curvature; flexure

*She used to crook her little finger as she drinks tea.*

## crooked

a. [不正直的,不诚实的,欺诈的] having or marked by bends or angles; not straight or aligned; curved

*Well, I guess if being crooked is good enough for Illinois, it's good enough for the U.S.*

## crude

a. [粗糙的,粗鲁的,原始的] being in an unrefined or natural state; raw; lacking tact or taste; blunt or offensive

*Nigeria is the sixth-largest exporter of crude oil within OPEC.*

## crumb

n. [饼屑,面包屑,小量] small fragment or piece, especially a small piece of bread or other food; broken or cut off

*She swept up extremely carefully, and no crumb was left anymore.*

## crunch

v. [用力展压,关键时刻] chew with force and noise; crush, grind or tread noisily

*We have to left cars and crunch through the snow in the dark.*

## cryptic

a. [秘密的,神秘的] having hidden meaning; mystifying; using code or cipher

*Here are a couple of verses written in cryptic rhyme from some of my currently published books.*

## cub

n. [幼兽,年轻无经验的人] young animal; awkward, rude, ill-mannered boy; a stall for cattle

*As a cub reporter, he would learn the facts of life in the newspaper world.*

## cubicle

n. [寝室,小卧室] sleeping place partitioned off from a large dormitory; small compartment, as for work or study

*I didn't enjoy sitting in a cubicle, getting nervous about the annual review, and wondering if I would or would not get my 2 percent raise.*

## cuddle

v. [搂抱,拥抱] lie close or snug; crouch; nestle; embrace closely

*The little girl wants to cuddle her pet cat.*

## cuff

n. [(折起的)袖口,用手轻拍] fold at the end of the sleeve; part of sleeve turned back from the hand; any ornamental appendage at the wrist

*The dress pattern doesn't really explain how the cuff joins onto the sleeve.*

## cuisine

n. [烹饪] kitchen or cooking department; food; manner or style of cooking; cookery

*It appears that much of the cuisine is an intuitive affair, based on the state and available ingredients.*

## cult

n. [宗派,崇拜] religion or religious sect generally considered to be extremist or false; community of religious worship and ritual

*You do realize that being under the control of a cult is not a good condition.*

## curb

v. [控制,抑制,约束] bend or curve; guide and manage, or restrain

*Paradoxically, Ray's strong-arming may be helping to curb violence in Bangalore.*

## curt

a. [简略的,草率的,粗鲁的,三言两语的] having been shortened; effectively cut short; rudely brief or abrupt, as in speech or manner

*The grouchy shop assistant was curt with one of her customers, which resulted in a reprimand from her manager.*

## cushion

n. [垫子,软垫] soft pillow or pad usually used for sitting, reclining, or kneeling

*I knelt down by him; I turned his face from the cushion to me; I kissed his cheek; I smoothed his hair with my hand.*

## custody

n. [监管,保管] keeping or guarding; care, watch, inspection, for keeping, preservation, or security

*There were no arches left, and all the players, except the King, the Queen, and Alice, were in custody and under sentence of execution.*

**cute**

a. [逗人喜爱的,漂亮的] ingenious; delightfully pretty or dainty

*We just remembered when our husky was a puppy; how small and cute it was.*

**cynical**

a. [愤世嫉俗] skeptical of motives of others; selfishly calculating; negative or pessimistic

*I find it sad and cynical that this guy is essentially saying things will not be better by 2012.*

**dandy**

n. [好打扮的人] man who affects extreme elegance in clothes and manners; something very good or agreeable

*He said that being a dandy was a way of being an individual in an age of mass culture.*

**darn**

v. [缝补,补缀] mend, with interlacing stitches of yarn or thread by the needle; sew together with yarn or thread

*I don't want to darn your trousers.*

**dart**

v. [飞奔,投掷] move suddenly and rapidly

*Your eyes take them in, then dart away to something else.*

**debris**

n. [碎片,残骸] remains of something that has been destroyed or broken up

*A full year after the earthquake in Mexico City, they were still carting away the debris.*

**debut**

n. [初次登台,初次露面] beginning or first attempt; first appearance before the public

*The reporters are waiting for the debut of a new foreign policy in the news hall.*

**decoy**

n. [引诱] lure or bait; means used to mislead or lead into danger

*The decoy did not fool the wild ducks.*

**decree**

n. [命令,法令,颁布命令,公告] order from one having authority; decision, order, or sentence by a court

*The decree is signed establishing the School for Primary School Teachers, which later becomes the National Teachers.*

**deed**

n. [行为,(土地或建筑物的)契约,证书] something that is carried out; act or action; feat or exploit

*I was pleased to have done something; trivial, transitory though the deed was, it was yet an active thing.*

**defendant**

n. [被告] one required to make answer in an action or suit

*The courtroom buzzed as the defendant was led in.*

**definition**

n. [定义] clarity of outline; concise explanation

*Exercise had given his muscles superior definition.*

**deliberate**

v. [深思熟虑的,商讨] consider; think about carefully; weigh

*Offered the new job, she asked for time to deliberate before she told them her decision.*

## delirious

a. [精神错乱的] having a delirium; wandering in mind; insane; raving; wild  
*He found Huck still in the bed that had been provided for him and delirious with fever.*

## delta

n. [三角洲] an area of flat land where a river spreads out into several smaller rivers before entering the sea

*The Chevron Texaco oil company in Nigeria uses aircraft to evacuate hundreds of villagers from areas affected by unrest in the country's oil-producing southern delta region.*

## delusion

n. [错觉] false belief; mistaken or unfounded opinion

*Don suffers from grandeur delusion: he thinks he's a world-famous author when he's published just one paperback book.*

## dent

n. [缺口,凹痕] cavity; a depression scratched or carved into a surface

*I said it would be simpler to get the discount since the dent is cosmetic, not structural.*

## deposition

n. [宣言,誓言] testimony under oath; the act of depositing, especially laying down of matter by natural process

*He made his deposition in the judge's chamber.*

## deputy

n. [代理人,代表,副职] one appointed as the substitute of another, and empowered to act for him; substitute in office

*I must find someone to act as a deputy for me during my absence.*

## desirable

a. [令人向往的,令人满意的] worthwhile; worth doing or achieving; advisable

*Some other factors coincide to make a June election desirable for the government.*

## despicable

a. [可鄙的,卑劣的] fit or deserving to be despised; contemptible; mean; vile; worthless

*You make me out all that is narrow-minded, mean, and despicable, which is very unjust.*

## destruction

n. [破坏,毁灭] havoc; event that completely destroys something

*The inspectors have no idea, by these documents, whether Iraq has weapons of mass destruction.*

## detour

n. [弯路,绕行之路] a turning; circuitous route; deviation from a direct course

*Drivers who slow down briefly or who make a detour from the main route will still be caught because up to 50 of the cameras will work together in the network.*

## devastating

a. [破坏性的] destructive; highly critical; causing or capable of causing complete destruction

*Five to ten rhinos are killed every year on average, mostly during Assam's devastating floods because they have to flee Kaziranga's low marshy lands to higher hills.*

## devious

a. [拐弯抹角的,偏僻的] departing from the correct and accepted way; misleading; not

straightforward

*The story of Byzantine art, though not precisely devious, is not straightforward either.*

## devotion

n. [热爱,忠诚] faithfulness; ardent, often selfless affection and dedication

*Prince Charles spoke of his grandmother's fortitude and devotion to duty after her husband's death, King George.*

## diabetes

n. [糖尿病] a polygenic disease characterized by abnormally high glucose levels in the blood

*If diabetes is not diagnosed early or poorly managed, he said it can result in blindness, heart disease, stroke, and kidney failure.*

## diabolical

a. [恶魔的] extremely evil or cruel; expressive of cruelty or befitting hell

*Cabinet's approval of the draft legislation was diabolical and contradicted the Bible, he said in a statement.*

## dictate

v. [口述,听写,规定] prescribe; rule as a dictator

*I guess we should just let McEachin dictate the dialogue for us.*

## dilemma

n. [困境,进退两难] predicament; state of uncertainty or between equally unfavorable options

*It could create a painful dilemma for the group's members: either accept a lower price or give up additional production quotas they have just given themselves.*

## diplomatic

a. [外交的,老练的] relating to diplomacy; marked by tact and sensitivity in dealing with others

*The secretary of state's trip to Canada is putting a brand new spin on the term diplomatic relations.*

## dirk

n. [短剑,匕首] a kind of dagger or poniard

*The dirk mentioned by Wolf Larsen rested in its sheath on my hip.*

## disaster

n. [灾难,不幸,彻底的失败] catastrophe; great harm, damage, or death, or serious difficulty

*He's asked President Bush to declare the area a disaster zone to free up federal funds.*

## disastrous

a. [损失惨重的,悲伤的] extremely bad; terrible; dreadful

*The Haddan School was built in 1858 on the sloping banks of the Haddan River, a muddy location that had proven disastrous from the start.*

## discharge

v. [释放,排出] relieve of a burden or of contents; unload; pour forth or release; complete or carry out; give off

*There is local warm water to discharge from a power plant.*

## discreet

a. [小心的,谨慎的] free from ostentation or pretension; distinct; distinguishable

*Some areas for the ladies to consider: hair cut, color, makeup, shoes, purses, clothing, jewelry, and certain discreet cultural factors.*



**discretion**

n. [判断力,审慎的] knowing how to avoid embarrassment or distress; the trait of judging wisely and objectively

*The servants showed great tact and discretion.*

**disguise**

n. [假扮,掩饰] dress or exterior put on for purposes of concealment or of deception

*The ring, Adele, is in my breeches-pocket, under the disguise of a sovereign.*

**dispatch**

n. [急速,急件] act of sending off something; the property of being prompt and efficient; message usually sent in haste

*He sent a dispatch to headquarters informing his commander of the great victory.*

**distinction**

n. [出名,出格] excellence or eminence; note or mark of difference

*A slave, of course, in distinction from a free woman, is not permitted complaints.*

**distinguished**

a. [卓越的] prominent; celebrated, well-known, or eminent because of past achievements

*Lord Oxburgh is a geologist; at the end of a long and distinguished career in science, he has now found himself in the Shell chairman's seat.*

**distracted**

a. [心烦意乱的,精神不集中] having the attention diverted; suffering conflicting emotions; distraught

*His face was wan, and his expression distracted, his eyes darting from face to face.*

**distraught**

a. [使悲伤,使焦虑] deeply agitated, as from emotional conflict; mad; insane

*Her father had recently died, and her mother was still distraught from the loss.*

**distress**

n. [悲痛,不幸,穷困] discomfort; cause strain, anxiety, or suffering to

*Nations have been in distress from the days of Julius Caesar.*

**disturbance**

n. [骚动,动乱] disorder; turmoil; mental or emotional unbalance or disorder

*The disturbance comes just as India's government is trying to reform the country's police services.*

**dock**

v. [剪短,扣除] deprive someone of benefits; remove or shorten the tail of an animal

*They will dock us of two days of our annual leave.*

**dodge**

v. [闪开,躲避] avoid a blow by moving or shifting quickly aside; a shifty or ingenious trick

*Before summer, one challenge lawmakers can't dodge the budget.*

**dome**

n. [圆屋顶] building or house, especially as the great hall, church, or temple; anything shaped like a cupola

*There is a transparent dome on the top of the aircraft, through which celestial observations are made for navigation.*

**don**

v. [穿上] put clothing on one's body

*When Clark Kent has to don his Superman outfit, he changes clothes in a convenient phone booth.*

**dose**

n. [(药)剂量,一剂] quantity of medicine given; sufficient quantity; portion

*Since the additional dose is not harmful and provides extra protection, everyone is recommended to get the second one.*

**drool**

v. [流口水,胡说] drivel, or drop saliva; let run from the mouth; talk nonsense; silly talk or write

*Here is the chance for him to make much more money, so much that even his peers will drool in envy.*