

abbreviation

n. [संक्षिप्त] shortening something by omitting parts of it

For example, the word abbreviation can itself be represented by the 'abbrev.'

abnormal

a. [असामान्य] unusual; not typical; not normal

Fujitsu, Toshiba, HP, and Lenovo all insist that their designs are sufficiently different to Dell and Apple, that there is no abnormal risk of fire.

abort

v. [गर्भपात] stop; terminate before completion; terminate a pregnancy

However, most women say that the decision to abort is a difficult one.

abrasive

a. [निष्फल अपघर्षक] rubbing away; tending to grind down

The ash can also cause long-term abrasive damage to planes that could lead to later disasters if not dealt with.

absence

n. [अनुपस्थिति] state of being absent; state of being away

The other guests had taken advantage of the Queen's absence and were resting in the shade.

absolutely

ad. [परित्यक्त बिल्कुल] utterly; not viewed in relation to other things or factors

For their part, the ambassadors expressed appreciation for the Italian Prime Minister's efforts to clarify that terrorism is absolutely separate from Islam.

abstract

a. [अमूर्त] theoretical; not concrete; not applied or practical; difficult to understand

To him, hunger was an abstract concept; he had never missed a meal.

accidental

a. [आकस्मिक] unexpected; happening by chance, unintentionally

Its curves are arbitrary and what we call accidental, but one after another follows it as if he were guided by a chart on which it was laid down.

accompany

v. [साथ] travel with; be associated with

But the night being wet and inclement, Mr. Rochester did not accompany them.

accomplished

a. [पूरा] skilled; experienced; having many social graces; polished or refined

More poems should tell stories in accomplished ways.

accounting

n. [लेखांकन] a system that provides quantitative information about finances

Recent changes in accounting rules have forced companies in Britain to state much more accurately the true financial state of their pension funds.

acid

n. [एसिड] sour; water-soluble compounds having a sour taste; quality of being sarcastic, bitter, or scornful

There is a barrage of acid comments in today's newspapers.

acidic

a. [त्वरित अम्लीय] tasting sour like acid; being or containing an acid

The chart below categorizes food as either acidic or alkaline based on its effective consumption of urine pH.

actual

a. [वास्तविक] true; real; being, existing, or acting at the present moment; current
And the defense secretary retraced what he called the actual history of how the U.S. got involved in Iraq.

acupuncture

n. [एक्यूपंक्चर] treatment of pain or disease by inserting the tips of needles at specific points on the skin
Acupuncture therapy intends to promote health and alleviate pain and suffering.

adequate

a. [पर्याप्त] sufficient; enough to meet a purpose
England missed key players through injury, lacked adequate preparation, and could not match Australia's skill.

adhere

v. [पालन] stick fast; stick to firmly; be compatible or in accordance with
That is why the claying is necessary; it makes the grain adhere to the earth; otherwise, it would float.

adhesive

a. [चिपकने] sticky; glutinous; tending to persist
Today adhesive binding is the most popular approach for industrial booklet production.

adjunct

n. [सहायक] something added on or attached generally nonessential or inferior
Although I don't absolutely need a second computer, I plan to buy a laptop to serve as an adjunct to my desktop model.

admit

v. [मानता हूँ] permit to enter; receive; provide the right or a means of entrance to
But what she absolutely refuses to admit is that none of us wants to be a hack.

adventure

n. [साहसिक] something happens without design; chance; hazard; risk; danger
I can't even decide which step of this adventure is the most aggravating.

adventurous

a. [साहसिक] valiant; venturesome; inclined or willing to incur hazard or engage in adventures
Tom's younger brother Sid was already through with his part of the work, for he was a quiet boy and had no adventurous, troublesome ways.

adversity

n. [विपत्ति] state of misfortune, hardship, or affliction; misfortune
A young boy whose strength in adversity is an inspiration to all who know him.

advocate

v. [वकील] speak, plead, or argue in favor of; plead for; push for something
Some doctors advocate a smoking ban in the entire house.

aerodynamics

n. [वायुगतिकी] study of how objects move through the air or water

As mentioned, aerodynamics is an important factor to consider when learning how to build a rocket.

affected

a. [प्रभावित] speaking or behaving in an artificial way; emotionally stirred or moved; infected or attacked

The other boys laughed so unmercifully at what they termed my affected accent.

affective

a. [भावात्मक] sentimental; emotional; emotionally charged

It's fairly well known that 'light therapy' is sometimes used to help those suffering from depression, especially seasonal affective disorder.

aggravate

v. [बढ़] worsen; make worse or more troublesome

Ridiculous, offensive comments like this do nothing but aggravate the situation.

aggregation

n. [एकत्रीकरण] several things grouped together or considered as a whole

It provides an overview of a diverse set of more than thirty digital library aggregation services, organizes them into functional clusters.

ailment

n. [बीमारी] sickness; a slight but often persistent illness

And the number closely matches a finding of an earlier international study that estimated some 10.1 percent of people globally suffer from the ailment.

aircraft

n. [विमान] a vehicle that can fly, such as an airplane, helicopter, balloon

This aircraft is also equipped with a spear, which the Geneva War Crimes Handbook forbids.

alert

n. [चेतावनी] the warning serves; alarm; condition of heightened watchfulness or preparation for action

And although the main ports are on alert, Nigeria, in particular, has many small river ports in the Cross River and Niger deltas.

alike

a. [एक जैसे] similar; in the same manner or to the same degree

Friends are generally alike in background and tastes.

allegation

n. [आरोप] suggestion without proof that someone has done something wrong

The allegation has angered the Brazilian authorities and has been strongly denied.

alliteration

n. [अनुप्रास] repetition of a beginning sound in poetry

'The furrow followed free' is an example of alliteration.

alone

a. [अकेला] solitary; by oneself, not with any other people

Alice cried with a sudden burst of tears, 'I do wish they would put their heads down! I am so very tired of being all alone here!'

alteration

n. [परिवर्तन] a passage from one form or state to another; change

Both sides can make a pretty plausible argument that the alteration is what they want it to be.

alternation

n. [प्रत्यावर्तन] successive change from one thing or state to another and back again
Now go back to the diagram at the top of the page and trace through the cycle of generations' alternation.

aluminum

n. [एल्यूमीनियम] silvery ductile metallic element
Services include mold aluminum casting, heat treating, machining.

amazement

n. [विस्मय] wonder; state of extreme surprise or wonder; astonishment
My daughter and I looked at each other in amazement, and with beaming smiles, threw our arms around each other.

ambivalence

n. [ambivalence] state of having contradictory or conflicting emotional attitudes, such as love and hate
Torn between loving her parents one minute and hating them the next, she was confused by her feelings' ambivalence.

amenable

a. [उत्तरदायी] responsive to advise or suggestion; responsible to a higher authority; willing to comply with; agreeable
He was amenable to any suggestions that came from those he looked up to.

analogy

n. [सादृश्य] the similarity in some respects; comparison based on similarity
This analogy is almost always noted without further comment, although it may be taken further.

analysis

n. [विश्लेषण] study; investigation; the process of breaking down a substance into its constituent parts
You can read more about those studies here, and my analysis is here.

anecdote

n. [किस्सा] a short account of the amusing or interesting event; short narrative; a secret story of history or biography
Of all the millions who are moved by this historic occasion, my anecdote is and would be far less remarkable while I am amongst these.

anesthetic

n. [संवेदनाहारी] a substance that causes loss of sensation; producing temporary loss or impairment of feeling
His monotonous voice acted as an anesthetic; his audience was soon asleep.

angular

a. [कोणीय] sharp-cornered; consisting of an angle or angles; stiff in manner
Mr. Spock's features, though angular, were curiously attractive in a Vulcan way.

annually

ad. [वार्षिक] yearly; each year; returning every year; year by year
It says an immediate commitment of three billion dollars annually is needed to provide basic healthcare across sub-Saharan Africa.

anthem

n. [गान] song of praise or patriotism; the song of devotion or loyalty

Let us now all join in singing the national anthem.

anthropology

n. [नृविज्ञान] social science that studies origins and social relationships of human beings

The strength of anthropology is its diversity of approach and perspective, unified by a common theme: the study of human variation and adaptability.

anticipation

n. [प्रत्याशा] something expected; pleasurable expectation; wishing with confidence

Please hold your breath in anticipation of that event.

antiquated

a. [प्राचीन] too old to be fashionable, suitable, or useful; obsolete; aged

We are tolerably conversant with the early English poets; and can discover no resemblance whatever, except in antiquated spelling and a few obsolete words.

antiquity

n. [पुरातनता] ancient times, especially the times preceding the Middle Ages; extreme oldness

There have been many republics in the past, both in what we call antiquity and what we call the Middle Ages.

antiseptic

n. [एंटीसेप्टिक] a substance that prevents infection; a substance that restricts the growth of disease-causing microorganisms

Regular washing with antiseptic is often enough to heal a skin infection.

appointment

n. [नियुक्ति] act of putting a person into a non-elective position; arrangement

His appointment as Foreign Secretary has triggered speculation in London about the Prime Minister's motives for the change.

apprentice

n. [शिक्षु] works for an expert to learn a trade; beginner; learner

One of the greatest opportunities for the out-of-school unemployed youth will always be found in apprentice programs.

approval

n. [मंजूरी] official approbation; endorsement; an act of approving

First, Ehrlich knows it would be extremely unlikely to win approval from the Democratic-dominated General Assembly.

approve

v. [मंजूरी] ratify; consider right or good; think or speak favorably of

He said failure to approve the pact would have led to a forced opening and importing much more rice.

aquamarine

a. [aquamarine] of bluish-green color; of pale blue to light greenish-blue

I see an aquamarine swimming pool, an aluminum garage, a suburban lawn.

aquarium

n. [एकैरियम] tank or pool or bowl filled with water for keeping live fish and underwater animals

This is the world's largest aquarium with 8 million gallons of fresh and marine water and more than 100000 animals representing 500 species from around the globe.

arboreal

a. [वृक्षवासी] tree-dwelling; treelike; living in trees

Learn about the arboreal emblems that represent the provinces and territories of Canada.

archaeology

n. [पुरातत्व] study of artifacts and relics of early humankind

The professor of archaeology headed an expedition to the Gobi Desert in search of ancient ruins.

architect

n. [वास्तुकार] one who designs and supervises the construction of buildings or other large structures

Simon Conder, a British architect, is responsible for this beautiful conversion of a group of farms.

arithmetic

n. [अंकगणित] theory of numerical calculations

He found a way to set up equations about integers and other constructs in arithmetic.

armor

n. [कवच] shield; defensive covering, as of metal, wood, or leather, worn to protect the body against weapons

Where we do see cracks in armor is in new-home construction, both in single-family sales and condos.

arms

n. [हथियार] weapons considered collectively; official symbols of a family

The first man to be held - said to be a British arms dealer - was reportedly arrested when he met undercover FBI agents posing as terrorists wanting to buy the weapon.

array

v. [सरणी] set out for display or use; place in orderly arrangement

He requested to array the whole regiment on the parade ground.

arsenal

n. [शस्त्रागार] storage place for military equipment; a stock of weapons

People are forbidden to smoke in the arsenal because a stray spark might set off the munitions stored there.

artery

n. [धमनी] one of the vessels or tubes which carry either venous or arterial blood from the heart; major transit corridor

The Yangtze River is the main artery of traffic in center China.

articulate

v. [मुखर] speak clearly and distinctly; utter a speech sound; be jointed; make clear or effective

The author was trying to articulate that his encrypted file system is effective.

ascent

n. [चढ़ाई] upward slope or grade; movement upward

An unforgettable 2-hour ascent follows a 30-minute hike up to the base of the ferrate up the cliff.

assignment

n. [काम] a task that was given to students; job; distribution; appointment

I believe that this assignment is the most challenging of them all.

association

n. [सहयोग] connection, whether of persons or things; a union of persons in a company or society for some particular purpose

I benefited a lot from my association with him.

assorted

a. [मिश्रित] varied; consisting of various types mixed together

Watching the large and varied bird population or following assorted trails on horseback.

assortment

n. [वर्गीकरण] variety; collection containing a variety of sorts of things

A great assortment of cars was on display.

assume

v. [मान] suppose; presume; take on; bear

He looked at me long and hard: I turned my eyes from him, fixed them on the fire, and tried to assume and maintain a quiet.

assumption

n. [धारणा] something taken for accepted as true without proof; taking over or taking possession of

The young princess made the foolish assumption that the regent would not object to power.

assure

v. [आश्वासन] tell someone confidently that something is true; guarantee; convince

I know it, and I don't wish to palliate them, I assure you.

astonish

v. [चकित] surprise someone very much; shock

From this wonderful writer who continues to astonish us, now comes a chilling ghost story.

astute

a. [चतुर] wise or keen; shrewd; with sharp intelligence

The painter was an astute observer, noticing every tiny detail of her model's appearance and knowing exactly how important each one was.

asymmetrical

a. [चौकाने विषम] unbalanced; uneven; having parts on either side or half that do not match

The attraction of asymmetrical balance to artists is its lack of formula.

athlete

n. [खिलाड़ी] a sportsman; one who contended for a prize in public games

Our goal is to help the athlete get the best performance.

atomization

n. [atomization] act of reducing to atoms, or very minute particles

Atomization is the conversion of bulk liquid into a spray or mist, often by passing the liquid through a nozzle.

atrophy

n. [शोष] wasting away; decrease in size; reduction in the functionality of an organ caused by disease

It confirms earlier research showing a link between brain atrophy and low levels of B12.

attempt

n. [प्रयास] the action of trying at something

I also want to claim that this attempt is a romantic one.

audience

n. [दर्शक] a group of people within hearing; crowd seeing a stage performance

You should have a clear idea about who your audience is and how you can exploit your product through the correct platform.

aurora

n. [औरोरा] a natural appearance of coloured light in the sky, that is usually seen nearest the Arctic or Antarctic

When I was young, I was lucky enough to see a display of the northern lights or the aurora.

autonomous

a. [स्वायत्त] self-governing; not controlled by others or by outside forces; independent

Although the University of California at Berkeley is just one part of the state university system, it is autonomous in many ways.

avenue

n. [एवेन्यू] way or opening for entrance or exit place; passage by which a place may be reached; broad street

The procession moved along the main avenue some three-quarters of a mile.

average

a. [औसत] typical; mean; achieve or reach on average

Other scientists predict that the average human life span will grow to 130 years.

averse

a. [हिचकते] reluctant; disinclined; turned away or backward; unwilling

The reporter was averse to revealing the sources of his information.

aviator

n. [जागरूकता] someone who operates an aircraft

We did not hear very much about the 'Red Wing' in the United States because the aviator was a Canadian.

avoid

v. [बचने] shield away from; prevent

If you are the press secretary to the President of the United States, the main thing to avoid is becoming the story yourself.

axis

n. [अक्ष] the center around which something rotates; pivot

Then Tehran was bracketed, along with its old enemy Iraq, and North Korea, in President Bush's evil axis.

bachelor

n. [स्नातक] unmarried men; the first or lowest academic degree conferred by universities and colleges

A soon-to-be-married man's friends throw him the ultimate bachelor party.

backbone

n. [आधार] support; mainstay; vertebrate spine or spinal column

The people will have to put the bone back in the backbone for state leaders.

balloonist

n. [गुब्बाराकार] someone who flies a balloon

Steve Fossett achieves his goal of becoming the first solo balloonist to circle the globe.

bankruptcy

n. [दिवालियापन] state of being unable to pay your debts

That holding company has been in bankruptcy proceedings since last June.

bar

n. [पट्टी] a counter where you can obtain food or drink; cafe; strip; stick

For low-paid male workers the cafeterias are a social focus: the equivalent of a bar or pub in non-Muslim countries, a place to meet friends and workmates.

barb

n. [टालना कंटिया] sharp projection from fishhook; openly cutting remark

If you were a politician, would you prefer being caught on the barb of a fishhook?

bark

n. [छाल] a sound made by a dog; harsh sound uttered by a dog

She set off at once and ran till she was quite tired and out of breath and till the puppy's bark sounded quite faint in the distance.

barrel

n. [बैरल] vessel; large cylindrical container

With the oil price soaring above thirty dollars a barrel and the pumps going nearly at full capacity, Gulf Arab coffers are overflowing with unforeseen wealth.

barrenness

n. [दरिद्रता] property of not supporting life, no children, or unable to have children; defect of emotion, sensibility, or fervency

They are messengers of hope, springing forth from the barrenness and bitter cold of winter and heralding a new season of warmth and sunshine.

barter

v. [वस्तु विनिमय] trade goods or services without the exchange of money

Trashbank is an online site where you can barter, buy, sell, trade, or swap your items or services.

bean

n. [सेम] various edible seeds; small oval or roundish seed, berry, nut, or lump

Bean is a common name for large plant seeds of several genera used for food or feed.

bear

v. [भालू] support; sustain; carry; have; yield; give birth; hold up or support

They studied the ways in which the relativity theory can bear on the history of science.

beat

v. [हराया] whip; strike; defeat; hit repeatedly

Speak roughly to your little boy; And beat him when he sneezes; He only does it to annoy; Because he knows it teases.

behalf

n. [ओर] represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

And I'm going to work to assure that that voice that is heard on their behalf is a roar and not a whisper.

below

ad. [नीचे] under, or lower in place; beneath not so high; inferior to in rank; unworthy of

All she could see when she looked down was an immense length of neck, which seemed to rise like a stalk out of a sea of green leaves that lay far below her.

besiege

v. [घेर] surround with armed forces; harass with requests

When the bandits besiege the village, the villagers hole up in the town hall and prepare to withstand a long siege.

bilateral

a. [द्विपक्षीय] two-sided; mutual; involving two groups or countries

In general, China does not consider them as refugees but economic migrants and has repatriated those caught on its territory under a bilateral treaty with North Korea.

billion

n. [अरब] the number that is represented as a one followed by 9 zeros

Money from migrant workers now exceeds the combined total of all direct foreign investment and foreign aid to Latin America 62.3 billion dollars.

biologist

n. [जीवविज्ञानी] a scientist who studies living organisms

A marine biologist insisted that dolphins, which are considered one of the most intelligent mammals, like to help the helpless.

bitterness

n. [कड़वाहट] sharp and bitter manner

I had left this woman in bitterness and hate, and I came back to her now with no other emotion than a sort of compassion for her great sufferings.

blink

v. [कोलतार] shut eyes briefly; wink

The TV announcer never seems to blink.

blizzard

n. [बर्फानी तूफान] a severe snowstorm with strong winds

A blizzard is a severe winter storm condition characterized by low temperatures, strong winds, and heavy blowing snow.

blossom

n. [खिलना] reproductive organ of plants, especially one having showy or colorful parts

The locust-trees were in bloom, and the fragrance of the blossom filled the air.

boast

v. [घमंड] show off oneself; speak of with excessive pride

Many of the sports facilities are already in place, and the city can boast one of the most compact proposals running alongside the Moscow river.

bolster

v. [सिलेंडर] support or prop up with or as if with a long narrow pillow or cushion

The debaters amassed file boxes full of evidence to bolster their arguments.

boredom

n. [ऊब] tedium; dullness; state of being a bore, or the tendency to become tiresome and uninteresting

The cure for boredom is curiosity, but there is no known cure for curiosity.

boring

a. [उबाऊ] uninteresting and tiresome; dull

However, the opposite can also be true; something that is too easily understood, simple or transparent, can also be boring.

boulder

n. [बोल्डर] a rounded rock lying on the surface of ground or embedded in soil
A boulder is a rock with a grain size of usually no less than 256 mm (10 inches) diameter in geology.

bound

n. [बाउंड] tied; held; committed; limit; constraint; leap; jump
Supreme Court ended a term bound to affect our lives in significant ways in the months ahead.

bowl

v. [कटोरा] throw or roll a ball; move quickly and smoothly, especially by rolling
We were now outside Thornfield gates, to bowl lightly along the smooth road to Millcote, where the dust was well laid by the thunderstorm.

braid

v. [चोटी] weave; interweave three or more strands
Have you ever wanted to braid your own hair or someone else's hair?

breathe

v. [साँस लेने के लिए] respire; inhale and exhale air
Even the air you breathe is micro-filtered for outside contaminants.

brehtaking

a. [लुभावनी] very surprising or shocking
Beneath the curious mixture is the kind of breathtaking skyscraper shell, balanced in space, that modern technology makes possible.

briny

a. [सागर] salty; any huge body of saltwater
Bobbing along, bobbing along, at the bottom of the beautiful briny sea.

broaden

v. [पर सवार व्यापक] widen; grow broad or broader
Its size, style, and expression broaden the car's appeal, making it more appropriate for a wider range of circumstances.

bud

n. [कली] one that is not yet fully developed; sprout
The first thing to be thought of is to pluck the disease in its bud, which is best done by injections.

buggy

n. [छोटी गाड़ी] small, lightweight carriage; drawn by a single horse
A fine way to travel through Quebec City in Canada is by horse buggy.

bulb

n. [बल्ब] the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball
The light bulb hasn't changed a whole lot in its 120 years -- the original design was just that good.

bundle

v. [बंडल] tie, wrap, or gather together; hurry; hasten; dress oneself warmly
Remember to bundle children up in winter clothes.

burrow

n. [बिल] tunnel; hole in the ground made by an animal for shelter; moving through

by or as by digging

They will return to breed in the fall, and the male will reclaim his burrow, waiting to reconnect with his mate.

cab

n. [टैक्सी] taxi; a one-horse vehicle for public hire

I was supposed to meet Mrs. Girard at the building in five minutes; she called a cab to drive me to the station.

cabal

n. [साज़िश] a small group of persons secretly united to promote their own interests

The number of Republicans who support this man and his cabal is astonishing, but nothing will change that percentage's minds.

cabin

n. [केबिन] a small room on a ship or boat where people sleep

British Airways says passengers reported a slight smell of petrol in the cabin of BA flight 003 bound for New York.

cadence

n. [ताल] rhythmic rise and fall of words or sounds; beat

Marching down the road, the troops sang out, following the cadence set by the sergeant.

calculator

n. [कैलकुलेटर] a small machine that is used for mathematical calculations

Blaise Pascal invented the first digital calculator to help his father with his work collecting taxes.

cancel

v. [रद्द करना] revoke; call off; omit or delete

The meeting in Addis Ababa has heard Chinese promises to cancel debts and increase Chinese investments in Africa.

candid

a. [खरा] straightforward; frank; free from prejudice; impartial

In private, I gave them my candid opinion.

carat

n. [कैरेट] unit of weight for precious stones; a measure of fineness of gold

He gave her a three carat diamond mounted in a gold band.

career

n. [करियर] profession or occupation; individual's work and life roles over their lifespan

The Italian Prime Minister and media tycoon Sylvia Berlusconi bought AC Milan in 1986, and the team's fortunes have mirrored his colorful career in politics.

cargo

n. [कार्गो] freight carried by ship, an aircraft, or another vehicle

The nation's security forces were active this weekend after U.S. authorities intercepted two packages laden with explosives in Yemen's cargo shipments.

caricature

n. [कार्टून] a representation that is deliberately exaggerated to produce a comic effect

The caricature he drew yesterday emphasized a personal weakness of the people he burlesqued.

cater

v. [पूरा] supply what is needed or desired; provide food professionally for a special occasion

The chef was happy to cater to the tastes of his highly sophisticated clientele.

cause

n. [कारण] something produces a result; the basis for an action or response; a reason

The main cause is not having enough fluids in your body to keep your core temperature down.

cease

v. [संघर्ष] stop; terminate; put an end to; discontinue

We must not only cease the acts of sin, but we must get the vicious habits and inclinations weakened and destroyed.

ceremonial

n. [औपचारिक] ritual; ceremony or rite

Officials said this first flight was largely ceremonial and that most of the passengers were French diplomats and business leaders.

chafe

v. [मसलना] wear away or irritate by rubbing; make sore by rubbing; annoy; vex

The high collar used to chafe against my neck.

chalk

n. [चाक] soft, earthy substance, of a white, grayish, or yellowish-white color, used as a drawing implement

The teacher wrote on the blackboard with a piece of chalk.

championship

n. [चैम्पियनशिप] status of being a champion; position or title of a winner

Winning a championship is about more than having the best team.

characteristic

n. [लक्षण] a feature that helps to identify, tell apart, or describe recognizably; a distinguishing mark or trait

Treating people differently based on a certain characteristic is called discrimination.

chat

n. [बातचीत] talk without exchanging too much information; informal conversation

Inviting others into the chat is as simple as sending them a human-readable URL, and nobody has to sign up or answer an invitation email.

check

v. [चेक] stop motion; curb or restrain

Young man, you'd better check your temper.

checkup

n. [मुआयना] thorough physical examination

Answer the following questions, and we'll provide you with a personalized checkup checklist that you can take to your doctor.

chili

n. [चिली] very hot and finely tapering pepper of special pungency

You can reduce the amount of heat in a chili pepper by removing the ribs and seeds.

choppy

a. [तड़का हुआ] having many small waves; rough with small waves
Smaller is sometimes best on calm days, but bigger is better in choppy water.

chronology

n. [कालक्रम] time sequence; an arrangement of events in time
You can access a chronology of important dates in the development of mathematics.

cipher

n. [सांकेतिक शब्दों में] secret code; an Arabic numeral or figure; a number
Lacking his codebook, the spy was unable to decode the message sent to him in cipher.

circle

n. [वृत्त] round; something shaped like such a ring; a group of people sharing an interest, activity, or achievement
This circle is a foundation for each of our lives.

circular

a. [परिपत्र] round; shaped like or nearly like a circle
What should you do before start cutting with a circular saw?

circulation

n. [प्रचलन] spread or transmission of something to a wider group or area
We have studied the statistical mechanics of money circulation in a closed economic system.

circumstance

n. [परिस्थिति] situation; condition; detail accompanying or surrounding an event
Her heart is broken, but then a change in circumstance forces them to be together every day.

citizenship

n. [नागरिकता] status of a citizen with rights and duties
Migrants applying for Australian citizenship will have to know about indigenous people's traditions and the colors of the nation's flag in tests.

clam

n. [क्लैम] soft edible body of such as mollusk
Up here in clam and lobster country, some of our best BBQ joints do fried catfish, and it's always a treat.

clause

n. [खण्ड] sentence; phrase; distinct article, stipulation, or provision in a document
Congress insisted on an exclusion clause for seventeen-year-olds.

clay

n. [मिट्टी] very fine-grained soil that is plastic when moist but hard when fired
There will be much interest centered on Raphael Nadal of Spain, who won the French Open on the red clay of Roland Garros in Paris in spectacular style.

climate

n. [जलवायु] weather condition; atmosphere; environment
In his remarks, Obama spoke out against what he called a climate of politics as usual.

cling

v. [चिपटना] hold fast or adhere to something; stick together and resist separation; remain emotionally
Boys cling to the rope to keep from falling.

clip

n. [क्लिप] a small section of filmed or filed material

Phil's job at Fox Sports involved selecting the most important clip of the day's sporting highlights for later broadcast.

coach

n. [कोच] tutor; teacher; a vehicle carrying many passengers

When the players and coach arrive back later today, they'll be greeted as national heroes in the stadium where the first modern Olympics were held.

coalescence

n. [संघीकरण] union of diverse things into one body or form or group; growing together of parts

We present a detailed molecular-dynamics study of the coalescence of gold.

coarse

a. [मोटे] rough; harsh; of low, common, or inferior quality

Trade in coarse grains, dairy products, and beef is also the subject of special attention, looking towards freer and better managed trading arrangements.

coffeepot

n. [congruity coffeepot] tall pot in which coffee is brewed

British potteries began making pieces like this lusterware coffeepot in the early nineteenth century to imitate fine silver.

cohesion

n. [सामंजस्य] a tendency to keep together

A firm believer in the maxim 'Divide and conquer,' the evil emperor sought to disrupt the cohesion of the federation of free nations.

coin

n. [सिक्का] small piece of metal, usually flat and circular, authorized by a government for use as money

While it has been lightly dipped and lightly cleaned, the overall look of the coin is appealing.

coincidence

n. [संयोग] two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

Was it just a coincidence that she and John had chanced to meet at the market, or was he deliberately trying to seek her out?

collaborate

v. [सहयोग] work together, especially in a joint intellectual effort

The easy way to collaborate is to pay attention to the small things in life.

collaboration

n. [सहयोग] act of working together; act of cooperating with an enemy, especially it occupying one's own country

This is something that I can see as a potential long-term relationship rather than a short-term collaboration.

collusion

n. [मिलीभगत] a secret agreement for any illegal purpose; conspiracy

They're in collusion with the government and just want a piece of the pie like everyone else.

colonize

v. [उपनिवेश] migrate to and settle in; plant

Portuguese attempts to colonize Asia were generally unsuccessful, though it did retain major colonies in Africa until the mid-twentieth century.

combine

v. [गठबंधन] blend; fuse; merge

Re-branded as one-army recruitment, the latest drive will, for the first time, combine recruiting to both the regular and territorial army.

commerce

n. [वाणिज्य] trade; business; intellectual exchange or social interaction

The underlying objective is to make international commerce easier and cheaper and to boost incomes around the world.

committee

n. [समिति] special group delegated to consider some matter

He was director of the central bank's monetary policy committee, which sets Brazil's interest rates.

community

n. [समुदाय] society; a group of people living in the same locality and under the same government

Where governments manage public life, human freedom in a community is compromised.

commuter

n. [कम्यूटर] someone who regularly travels from home in a suburb to work in a city

Vancouver is increasingly becoming a commuter city.

compact

n. [कॉम्पैक्ट] small and economical car; small cosmetics case

I decide to buy a compact because a small car helps to save gas.

comparable

a. [तुलनीय] similar or equivalent; being of equal regard; worthy of being ranked with

People whose jobs are comparable in difficulty should receive similar pay.

comparative

a. [तुलनात्मक] relative; based on, or involving comparison

Elsewhere in the report which covers a wide range of comparative data, girls continue to reduce the gender gap in educational performance.

compensation

n. [मुआवजा] something given or received as payment as for a service or loss or injury

There are an estimated 86000 survivors worldwide, and almost half of them could be eligible for payments from the compensation fund.

compensatory

a. [प्रतिपूरक] serving to compensate or as compensation; making amends; repaying

Can a compensatory education program make up for the inadequate schooling he received in earlier years?

competition

n. [प्रतियोगिता] struggle; rivalry; an act of competing as for a profit prize

There she's against tough competition such as Meryl Streep, but this award will give her extra momentum towards what's undoubtedly the bigger prize in movies.

complement

n. [पूरक] something that completes or makes up a whole or brings to perfection

I think we show complement each other on the court because we're both extremely positive.

complementary

a. [पूरक] serving to fill out or to complete; supplying mutual needs or offsetting mutual lacks

John and Lisa's skills are complementary; he's good at following a daily routine, while she's great at handling emergencies.

complicated

a. [जटिल] difficult to analyze or understand

Legally this is a hugely complicated case, and it will take months for the judge to reach the verdict.

comply

v. [अनुपालन] yield assent; accord; agree, or acquiesce; adapt one's self; fulfill; accomplish

Everyone should comply with the law.

compose

v. [रचना] write; create; make or create by putting together parts or elements

As you begin to compose, improvise on that melody and see where it naturally wants to take you.

comprehend

v. [समझना] take in the meaning, nature, or importance of; grasp

In case you are too stupid to comprehend, the policies of this administration are ruining our country.

comprehensible

a. [सुबोध] understandable; readily comprehended or understood; intelligible

A good programmer makes her code look so simple and comprehensible that any other programmer can understand it and appreciate it.

comprehensive

a. [व्यापक] thorough; including all or everything; broad in scope

Mr. Skubel has since completed what he describes as a comprehensive two-week training program and is now setting up his franchise in his hometown.

concept

n. [अवधारणा] something formed in mind; thought or notion

The local chain concept is simple: identify your customer, cater to their tastes and once successful, expand within a neighborhood.

concurrent

a. [समवर्ती] simultaneous; coincident; occurring or operating at the same time

The Winter War fought between Finland, and the Soviet Union was a concurrent war to World War II, and thus is covered in its own main article.

condiment

n. [मसाला] seasoning; something used to give relish to food; something used to enhance the flavor of food, like salt or pepper

Indians rarely, if ever, use this condiment, which is so essential to the civilized white.

condition

n. [शर्त] mode or state of being; fitness; existing circumstances

The Organization Man survives as a modern classic because it captures a permanent part of our social condition.

conductivity

n. [चालकता] transmission of heat or electricity or sound

How does the electrical conductivity of water at the study site vary across seasons?

confinement

n. [कारावास] state of being confined; restraint within limits; any restraint of liberty by force

After the verdict, his lawyers claimed he had mental stress caused by confinement and called for the court to suspend the appeals trial until it improved.

confining

a. [सीमित] restricting scope or freedom of action; crowded

Obviously, you will travel in a confining ship with humans.

confirm

v. [पुष्टि] support or establish the certainty or validity of; verify

In the aftermath of Saturday's mass poisoning, the authorities imposed a virtual news blackout, refusing even to confirm how many people had died.

conformity

n. [अनुरूप एकता] similarity in form or character; agreement

Their actions were in conformity with their declared intentions.

congratulation

n. [बधाई] act of acknowledging that someone has an occasion for celebration

After Discovery's liftoff, NASA officials were in a jubilant mood, talking of the power and majesty of the launch and the congratulation and back-slapping at ground control.

congruity

n. [concerto] relation or agreement between things; fitness; harmony; correspondence; consistency.

There must be, in spite of all indifference and hostility of nature to human interests, some congruity of nature with man or life could not exist.

connoisseur

n. [पारखी] specialist; a person with expert knowledge or training, especially in the fine arts

A literature professor by training and a self-taught art connoisseur, Charles Ryskamp served three decades as a director, first of the Pierpont Morgan Library.

consecutive

a. [लगातार] following one after another without interruption; sequential

The consecutive file saving method also created some problems.

consequence

n. [परिणाम] result; relation of a result to its cause; logical conclusion or inference

Another consequence is the generation of distrust between the grassroots and the leadership.

consequent

a. [फलस्वरूप] resulting; following as a logical conclusion

His retirement and consequent spare time enabled him to travel more.

conservative

a. [रूढ़िवादी] favoring traditional views and values; tending to oppose change

It's still far from clear whether he can persuade his more conservative colleagues in the regime to support the process.

conserve

v. [संरक्षण] retain; protect from loss or harm; preserve; use carefully or sparingly, avoiding waste

One way to conserve is to make cars more efficient.

considerably

ad. [काफी] substantially; significantly; to a degree worth considering

While their mood improved, consumers' outlook had dimmed considerably from the mid-70s levels earlier in the year, when the economic recovery was faster.

considerate

a. [विचारशील] thoughtful; marked by consideration or reflection; deliberate

I thanked her for her considerate choice, and as I really felt fatigued with my long journey, expressed my readiness to retire.

consistent

a. [संगत] agreeing with itself; coherent; regular

He's recently signed a new 120 million dollar contract with his British-based record company after more than five years of consistent album hits and number one singles.

constrain

v. [विवश] restrain; keep within close bounds; confine

His idea is to constrain commercial banks' lending.

constraint

n. [बाधा] something that restricts or confines within prescribed bounds

Given the budget constraint, it was impossible to accomplish my goals.

consult

v. [परामर्श] seek advice or information of; take into account; consider

I will consult with our friends, but it's going to be what's in the interests of our country first and foremost.

container

n. [कंटेनर] any object that can be used to hold things

For the last thirty-two days, Hassan has been living in a three-by-four-meter glass container in a shopping center, sharing it with six thousand poisonous arachnids.

contaminate

v. [दूषित] make impure or unclean by contact or mixture; pollute; defile

Compact fluorescent light bulbs contaminate the environment with 30000 pounds of mercury each year.

content

n. [सामग्री] volume; something contained; material, including text and images

The brain is hungry not for the method but for content, especially the latter, which contains powerful, precise, and explicit generalizations.

contented

a. [तृप्त] satisfied or showing satisfaction with things as they are

When he heard this, he revealed a very contented smile.

contiguous

a. [सन्निहित] sharing an edge or boundary; touching; neighboring

The two houses had contiguous yards, so the families shared the landscaping expenses.

continuum

n. [सातत्य] sequence; succession; continuous extent, succession, or whole
So the practical continuum is now laptop - iPad - phone rather than desktop - laptop - iPad - phone.

contrast

v. [इसके विपरीत] set in opposition to show or emphasize differences; show differences when compared
The siblings who contrast sharply in interests and abilities make a common decision.

convenience

n. [सुविधा] state of being suitable
The popularity of convenience foods means that many people no longer eat enough fresh produce.

convention

n. [सम्मेलन] social or moral custom; formal meeting of members, representatives, or delegates; agreement between states
Moreover, following this convention is our friend's normal behavior when in such a mood.

convert

n. [कनवर्ट] change something into another form; transform
However, he suggests that this only be done if the convert is also willingly accepted into his position by the community.

cooperate

v. [सहयोग] work or act together toward a common end or purpose
The best way to get Pakistan to cooperate is to find why it is so keen to retain influence in Afghanistan and try to meet its concerns.

corn

n. [मकई] plants, such as wheat, maize, oats, and barley, that can be used to produce flour
The English apply the name corn to wheat, and the Scotch, to oats.

cosmopolitan

a. [महानगरीय] sophisticated; of worldwide scope
Her years in the capitol had transformed her into a cosmopolitan young woman highly aware of international affairs.

counseling

n. [परामर्श] something that provides direction or advice as to a decision or course of action
The counseling services' mission is to help students, faculty, and staff gain all they can from their experience at the university.

couple

n. [जोड़े] a male and female associated together; a pair who associate with one another
He caught a married couple from Chicago.

craft

n. [शिल्प] something made by people; vessel
A space craft is a vessel to travel out of air.

crash

n. [दुर्घटना] smash; collision; falling down or in pieces with a loud noise of breaking

parts

She heard a little shriek and a fall and a crash of broken glass.

crayon

n. [क्रोक] stick of colored wax or chalk, used for drawing

Whenever he finished a crayon drawing, he would lovingly present it to his mother.

creek

n. [क्रीक] a small stream, often a shallow tributary to a river; brook

There was a creek leading out of it on the other side that went miles away; I don't know where, but it didn't go to the river.

crippling

a. [गंभीर] causing someone to be physically disabled, especially unable to walk; causing severe damage or problems

Their solution to crippling financial problems has been to merge in an attempt to get bigger and hopefully stronger.

critical

a. [महत्वपूर्ण] urgently needed; absolutely necessary; essential; acute; crucial; decisive

He says the international community has reached what he calls a critical time in the overall effort to bring stability to Afghanistan.

critique

n. [आलोचना] critical review or commentary, especially one dealing with works of art or literature

It would help if you wanted a smart critique from the loyal opposition, and Phil Zelikow and Peter Feaver are certainly qualified.

crossbones

n. [crossbones constricted] two crossed bones used as a symbol of danger or death

This is an aluminum skull and crossbones sign with a small hole in each corner to help hang in the location of your choice.

crossbreeding

n. [crossbreeding] reproduction by parents of different races

It has been well documented that crossbreeding improves the performance of beef cattle.

crossing

n. [पार] traveling across; place at which roads, lines, or tracks intersect; intersection

If my memory serves me correctly, the Santa Teresa crossing is about 15 miles west of the junction.

crumple

v. [crumple] fall apart; fold or collapse; crush together or press into wrinkles

It's weird watching your leg to crumple in directions; it's not natural to go in.

crush

v. [क्रश] press between opposing bodies so as to break or injure; extract or obtain by pressing or squeezing

There's particular concern over reports of human rights abuses committed by the Indonesian security forces in Aceh as they try to crush the separatist movement there.

cube

n. [क्यूब] three-dimensional shape with six square or rectangular sides; cubicle, used for work or study

Luckily, my cube is in the corner, so no one noticed!

curiosity

n. [जिज्ञासा] desire to know or learn

My main curiosity is how they're going to explain how Captain Barbosa has returned from the dead.

current

n. [वर्तमान] stream; flow; up-to-date; present

The current was so swift, and then I got into the dead water and landed on the side towards the Illinois shore.

cushion

n. [गद्दी] soft pillow or pad usually used for sitting, reclining, or kneeling

I knelt down by him; I turned his face from the cushion to me; I kissed his cheek; I smoothed his hair with my hand.

custom

n. [कस्टम] tradition; practice followed by people of a particular group or region

John had a book in his hand - it was his unsocial custom to read at meals - he closed it and looked up.

customarily

ad. [customarily] usually; under normal circumstances, normally

Yet until well into this century, men customarily gathered in pubs, cafes, parks, and village greens.

cyclone

n. [चक्रवात] violent rotating windstorm

The cyclone tore across the north Queensland coast and has left much of the area in ruins.

dart

v. [डार्ट] move suddenly and rapidly

Your eyes take them in, then dart away to something else.

dawn

n. [भोर] time each morning at which daylight first begins; beginning; start

When I again unclosed my eyes, a loud bell was ringing; day had not yet begun to dawn, and a rush light or two burned in the room.

dawning

n. [विरूपण] first light of day; first advent or appearance

So, the order indicates the next day's dawning follows the end of one day.

dearth

n. [कमी] scarcity; shortage of food; famine from failure or loss of crops

The dearth of skilled labor compelled employers to open trade schools.

debris

n. [मलबे] remains of something that has been destroyed or broken up

A full year after the earthquake in Mexico City, they were still carting away the debris.

decadent

a. [अवनति] self-indulgent; moral decay

I'm not getting any younger, and seriously, I feel the excesses of my decadent life slowly catching up with me.

decent

a. [सभ्य] suitable; modest.; honorable; meeting accepted standards

I wandered the theatre – an old one from the thirties - kept in decent repair by those that love movies.

declare

v. [घोषणा] state clearly; make known formally or officially

A distinct and near voice said, 'The marriage cannot go on: I declare the existence of an impediment.'

decline

n. [पतन] change toward something smaller or lower; gradual falling off from a better state

Dustan has a record of switching sides when convenient, and many supporters would do likewise if the fortunes of the puritan militia are on the decline.

defend

v. [रक्षा] make or keep safe from danger, attack, or harm

The union said that they would take action to defend their member's jobs.

deference

n. [सम्मान] willingness to carry out the wishes of others; great respect

In deference to the minister's request, please do not take photographs during the wedding service.

deferential

a. [सविनय] showing deference; being respectful and considerate

He nodded in a manner that could only be described as deferential and walked on to meet them.

deficiency

n. [कमी] scarcity; lack or shortage, especially of something essential to health

It has been demonstrated that a blood protein deficiency is the cause of this inherited illness.

definitely

ad. [विरूपण] clearly; without question and beyond doubt

And in a country where people depend on natural sources of water, people will definitely become poorer.

dehydrate

v. [निर्जलीकरण] remove water from; dry out; lose water or bodily fluids

Running under a hot sun would quickly dehydrate the body; joggers soon learn to carry water bottles and frequently drink from them.

dehydrated

a. [निश्चित रूप से निर्जलित] suffering from excessive loss of water

Fever resulted from becoming dehydrated.

deign

v. [अनुग्रह करना] condescend to give or grant; esteem worthy; consider worth notice

Microsoft is accusing Google with regard to Google's new App Sync software, which allows Gmail users to tap into any records they might deign to keep in Outlook.

delegate

n. [प्रतिनिधि] a person authorized to act as a representative for another; deputy

Some religious groups are boycotting the event, but one delegate told the BBC that it was vital to work with the Americans to get Iraq up and running again.

demobilize

v. [वियोजन करना] retire from military service

A group of boys who were among about 250 child soldiers will demobilize in the village.

demonstrate

v. [प्रदर्शित] show clearly and deliberately; manifest; confirm; prove

After a series of drug scandals, this was Major League Baseball's chance to demonstrate its determination to crack down on the cheats.

denote

v. [निरूपित] indicate; signify directly; refer to specifically

The word 'sex' is simply that—a word to denote whether a person is male or female.

dense

a. [घना] thick; crowded closely together; compact

It's a mountainous country, just a few kilometers from Serbia's border; dense woodland surrounds the site.

density

n. [घनत्व] thickness; the quantity of something per unit measure, especially per unit length, area, or volume

They know the population, housing density, types of construction, and the extent of insurance cover.

depart

v. [रवाना] take off; leave; set out

I have some to see and ask after in England before I depart forever.

dependable

a. [भरोसेमंद] reliable; worthy of being depended on; trustworthy

Your dependable dog team will glide along the forested trails and frozen lakes in this winter wonderland north of Whitehorse.

dependence

n. [निर्भरता] reliance; lack of independence or self-sufficiency

The power of either Russia or China to act independently from the United States is constrained by their economic dependence on the world's remaining superpower.

dependent

a. [निर्भर] relying on or requiring the aid of another for support

Some U.S. officials believe Pakistan wants the U.S. to remain dependent on the ISI for that intelligence.

depict

v. [दर्शाती] represent in a picture or sculpture; portray in words; describe

Here, we can see how the author to depict Beatle John Lennon as a drug-crazed neurotic.

deposit

n. [जमा] money given as a guarantee or security

In the meantime, she could keep the \$400,000 in a secure investment such as a term deposit or money market fund.

depressed

a. [उदास] sad; gloomy; low in spirits; dejected

The tests' results indicated that the drug might increase the suicidal tendencies in some depressed children who took it.

derivative

a. [व्युत्पन्न] unoriginal; derived from another source

Although her early poetry was clearly derivative in nature, the critics thought she eventually would find her own voice.

desalination

n. [अलवणीकरण] removal of salt; a process of removing salt from seawater to make drinking water

Canadian Clear Water has designed the most economical and efficient seawater desalination plants.

deserted

a. [सुनसान] remote from civilization; left desolate or empty; abandoned

The majority of horror movies are set in deserted areas with limited proximity to towns and major cities.

desirable

a. [वांछनीय] worthwhile; worth doing or achieving; advisable

Some other factors coincide to make a June election desirable for the government.

desolate

a. [उजाड़] unpopulated; providing no shelter or sustenance; devoid of inhabitants

The sounds of Nature are detailed with great delicacy in this appeal, and we see that the Alps are referred to as desolate regions.

desperately

ad. [सख्त] with great urgency; seriously; severely

What a night it was for Germany: a desperately close race between the two candidates for Chancellor, declarations of victory by both.

despoiler

n. [dawning despoiler] someone who takes spoils or plunder; one who despoils or strips by force; a plunderer

Some will use Earth Day to depict America as an energy wastrel and despoiler of the earth.

destination

n. [गंतव्य] ultimate goal; the place to which one is going or directed

It's an aging coaster and reportedly in poor condition, but even so, it should have got back to Benin - its declared destination - by now.

deterrent

n. [निवारक] something that discourages; tending to deter

In his view, North Korea is the main deterrent from a peaceful resolution.

devastate

v. [उजाड़ना] ruin; lay waste; destroy; make desolate

She says the disease can devastate Sudan, as HIV spreads quickly among the nation's youth.

device

n. [उपकरण] technique or means; instrument; machine used to perform one or more relatively simple tasks

An anti-gravity device could change air travel.

diagonal

n. [विकर्ण] a straight line connecting any two vertices of a polygon that are not adjacent

You can draw one diagonal across the page.

