IELTS Academic Words Level 1 - 1: Print One-sided Flashcard

abandon:

n. [포기] lacking restraint or control; feeling of extreme emotional intensity; unbounded enthusiasm

abortion:

n. [낙태] termination of pregnancy; failure of a plan

abuse:

n. [학대] improper use or handling; misuse

academy:

n. [아카데미] school for special instruction; society of scholars, scientists, or artists

account:

n. [계정] narrative or record of events; the reason given for a particular action or event

abort:

v. [취소] stop; terminate before completion; terminate a pregnancy

Total words: 300

absurd:

a. [부조리] preposterous; ridiculously incongruous or unreasonable; foolish

academic:

a. [학술] related to school; not practical or directly useful; relating to the scholarly organization; based on formal education

access:

n. [교통 안내] approach; entry; entrance

accountant:

n. [회계사 정보] one who maintains and audits business accounts

accurate:

a. [정확] capable of providing a correct reading or measurement; performing with care and precision

accused:

n. [고소] defendant or defendants in a criminal case; a person charged with an offense

acknowledge:

v. [인정] declare to be true or admit; express obligation, thanks

adjust:

v. [조정] change something slightly, especially to make it more correct, effective, or suitable

adopt:

v. [입양] accept; take on; raise; take into one's family

accuse:

v. [고발] blame; say that someone has done something morally wrong, illegal, or unkind

acid:

n. [달성] sour; water-soluble compounds having a sour taste; quality of being sarcastic, bitter, or scornful

address:

v. [주소] make a formal speech to; deal with or discuss; direct efforts or attention of

administration:

n. [관리] management; supervision; people who are in charge of management; the activity of government for powers and duties

adore:

v. [숭배] worship with profound reverence; pay divine honors to; regard with the utmost esteem and affection

adult:

n. [성인] one who has attained maturity or legal age; fully grown

affection:

n. [애정] fondness; tender feeling toward another; fondness

agency:

n. [기관] a business that serves other businesses; an administrative unit of government

aggressive:

a. [공격적으로] making assaults; unjustly attacking; combative; hostile; tending to spread quickly

aid:

n. [도움] person or thing that promotes or helps in something done; helper; assistant

affect:

v. [영향] have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

afford:

v. [여유] pay; provide; have the financial means for; bear the cost of

agenda:

n. [의제] items of business at a meeting; list or program of things to be done or considered

agreement:

n. [계약] state of agreeing; harmony of opinion, statement, action, or character

air:

v. [공기] be broadcast on television or radio

aisle:

n. [통로] passageway between rows of seats, as in an auditorium or an airplane; the wing of a building

album:

n. [앨범] a list of names; a register for visitors; a blank book to insert autographs sketches, memorial writing, photographs

alliance:

n. [제휴] state of being allied; the act of allying or uniting; a union of interests between families, states, parties

alone:

a. [혼자] solitary; by oneself, not with any other people

amaze:

v. [놀라게] astonish; affect with wonder

alarm:

n. [경보기] any sound or information intended to give notice of approaching danger

alien:

a. [외국인] dissimilar, inconsistent, or opposed in nature; very different place, society, or person

ally:

n. [앨리] confederate; partner; collaborator

alternative:

n. [대체] one of two or more things, ideas, or courses of action that may be used; option or choice

ambassador:

n. [앰버서더] authorized messenger or representative

ambulance:

n. [구급차] field hospital organized as to follow an army in its movements; a wagon for conveying the wounded to hospital

anniversary:

a. [주년] annual; yearly; annual return of the day on which any notable event took place

anonymous:

a. [익명] having no name; having an unknown or unacknowledged name

anxiety:

n. [불안] concern something in a state of painful uneasiness; state of restlessness and agitation

apart:

ad. [갈라] separately, regarding space or company; in a state of separation as to place; aside

amount:

n. [금액] total of two or more quantities; aggregate; sum

annual:

a. [연례] occurring or payable every year

antique:

n. [골동품] any furniture old and valuable; out of fashion

anyhow:

ad. [얘기할] in any way or manner whatever; at any rate; in any event

appeal:

n. [어필] attraction; charm; attract; fascinate; challenge

appetite:

n. [식욕] instinctive physical desire, especially one for food or drink

appointment:

n. [예약] act of putting a person into a non-elective position; arrangement

approach:

n. [접근법] a way of considering or doing something

approval:

n. [승인] official approbation; endorsement; an act of approving

argue:

v. [논쟁] invent and offer reasons to support or overthrow a proposition, opinion, or measure; debate

apply:

v. [신청] exert; put into service; avail oneself to;

appreciate:

v. [감사] be thankful for; increase in worth; be thoroughly conscious of

appropriate:

v. [해당] acquire; take possession of for one's own use; set apart for specific use

area:

n. [지역] a plane surface, as of the floor of a room; open space in a building; the enclosed space; extent; scope; range

arrogant:

a. [오만] arising from feeling or assumption of one's superiority toward others

article:

n. [문서] essay; editorial; individual thing or element of a class

aside:

ad. [제쳐] on, or to, one side; out of a straight line, course, or direction; at a little distance from the rest

assault:

n. [폭행] a violent attack; an onslaught

associate:

v. [연결] connect or join together; combine

assure:

v. [보증] tell someone confidently that something is true; guarantee; convince

ashamed:

a. [부끄러워] affected by shame; abashed or confused by guilt

aspirin:

n. [아스피린] white crystalline compound drug to relieve pain and reduce fever and inflammation

assist:

v. [지원] give help or support to, especially as a subordinate

assume:

v. [가정] suppose; presume; take on; bear

attack:

n. [공격] offensive move; expression of strong criticism; hostile comment

attempt:

n. [시도] the action of trying at something

attitude:

n. [태도] posture, action, or disposition of a figure or a statue

attractive:

a. [매력] appealing; pleasing; inviting; tempting

audience:

n. [청중] a group of people within hearing; crowd seeing a stage performance

available:

a. [해당] convenient for use or disposal; not busy, free; obtainable; accessible

attend:

v. [출석] be present at; go to; take care of; tend

attorney:

n. [변호사] lawyer; one who is appointed by another to act in his place or stead; proxy

auction:

n. [옥션] public sale of property to the highest bidder

authority:

n. [권위] jurisdiction; power to enforce laws, exact obedience, command, determine, or judge; government

avoid:

v. [피하] shield away from; prevent

aware:

a. [인식] knowing; having knowledge or cognizance

awkward:

a. [곤란] difficult to handle or manage

backward:

a. [뒤로] directed to the back or rear; unwilling; averse; reluctant; hesitating; undeveloped

badge:

n. [배지] a distinctive mark, token, or sign worn on the person

bait:

v. $[\square | \eta |]$ harass; tease; lure, entice, or entrap

awful:

a. [무서운] causing fear, dread, or terror; extremely bad or unpleasant; terrible

bachelor:

n. [학사] unmarried men; the first or lowest academic degree conferred by universities and colleges

bacon:

n. [베이컨] back and sides of a pig salted and smoked

baggage:

n. [수하물] trunks, bags, parcels, and suitcases in which one carries one's belongings while traveling; luggage

bake:

v. [베이킹] prepare, as food, by cooking in dry heat, either in an oven or under coals, or on heated stone or metal

balance:

n. [균형] being in equilibrium; equilibrium; symmetry; stability

bald:

a. [대머리] hairless; lacking a natural or usual covering

band:

n. [밴드] orchestra; team; strip; ribbon; belt; unite; ally

banner:

n. [배너] flag; sign; a newspaper headline that runs across the full page

barbecue:

n. [바베큐] a rack to hold meat for cooking over hot charcoal usually out of doors

balcony:

n. [발코니] platform projecting from the wall of a building

ballet:

n. [발레] a sort of theatrical representation by dancers

bang:

n. [쾅] a vigorous blow; a conspicuous success

bar:

n. [H] a counter where you can obtain food or drink; cafe; strip; stick

bare:

a. [베어] lacking the usual or appropriate covering or clothing

barely:

ad. [간신히] just; only; hardly; scarcely

barn:

n. [창고] an outlying farm building for storing grain or animal feed and housing farm animals

baseball:

n. [야구] game played with a bat and ball by two opposing teams of nine players; ball used in this game

battery:

n. [배터리] beating or pounding; set of guns or heavy artillery; a dry cell that produces an electric current

beam:

n. [븸] ray of light; a long piece of metal or wood; long piece fixed or movable in structure, machine, or tool

bargain:

n. [파격 할인] agreement between parties concerning the sale of property

barrel:

n. [총신] vessel; large cylindrical container

basement:

n. [지하] cellar; a part of a building that is below the level of the first floor

bay:

n. [베이] an inlet of the sea, usually smaller than a gulf; a small body of water set off from the main body

bear:

v. [곰] support; sustain; carry; have; yield; give birth; hold up or support

bearing:

n. [베어링] carrying another part; patient endurance; suffering without complaint; the act of producing or giving birth

beaten:

a. [구타] formed or made thin by hammering; totally worn-out; exhausted

behave:

v. [행동] perform; conduct oneself in a proper way

beloved:

a. [비난] greatly loved; dear to the heart

benefit:

n. [빈] advantage; something that aids or promotes well-being; welfare; gain

beat:

v. [비트] whip; strike; defeat; hit repeatedly

behalf:

n. [대리] represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

belly:

n. [배] part of the human body which extends downward from breast to thighs, and contains bowels; womb

bend:

v. [굽힘] strain or move out of a straight line; curve; turn toward some certain point

bent:

a. [구부러진] determined to do or have

bet:

n. [불꽃] stake or pledge upon the event of a contingent issue; amount or object risked in a wager

bid:

v. [축복] make an offer of; propose; offer in words; declare, as a wish, a greeting, a threat, or defiance

bitter:

a. [음료] harsh or corrosive in tone; painful; acrid; acrimonious

blame:

v. [참고 문헌] condemn; rebuke; find fault with; censure

blast:

n. [양자] explode; burst; gale; a powerful gust of wind or air

betray:

v. [배신] be unfaithful; reveal unconsciously or unwillingly

bite:

v. [내기] pierce the skin with teeth; seize with the teeth; sting with a stinger; eat into; have a sharp taste

bizarre:

a. [기괴한] fantastic; violently contrasting; strangely unconventional in style or appearance

blank:

a. [입찰] of white or pale color; without color; empty; void

bleed:

v. [약력] emit blood; lose blood; withdraw blood from the body

bless:

v. [쓰라린] make or pronounce holy; consecrate; make happy

blonde:

a. [금발의] of a fair color; light-colored; as, blond hair; a blond complexion.

boarding:

n. [기숙사] wooden boards collectively; act of entering a ship; supplying with meals and lodgings for pay

bolt:

v. [볼트] dash or dart off; move or jump suddenly

bonus:

n. [보너스] an extra dividend to the shareholders; money paid in addition to a stated compensation

block:

v. [블록] hinder; obstruct; indicate broadly without great detail; sketch

board:

n. [이사회] a committee having supervisory powers; a flat piece of material designed for a special purpose

bold:

a. [대담] brave; daring; intrepid; impudent

bond:

n. [채권] link; connection; uniting force or tie; binding agreement; duty

boom:

n. [붐] bonanza; prosperity; prosper; expand; flourish

booth:

n. [부스] house or shed built for temporary occupation; covered stall or temporary structure

bore:

v. [치명] drill; make a hole in or through, with or as if with a drill

bounce:

v. [반송] jolt; rebound after having struck an object or a surface

boutique:

n. [부티크] small shop within a large department store or supermarket

break:

n. [휴식] opportunity to do something; pause or interval, as from work; a sudden change

border:

n. [테두리] outer part or edge of anything, as of a garment, a garden; margin; verge; brink; boundary

bother:

v. [신경] annoy; trouble; make agitated or nervous; fluster

bound:

n. [반송 보어 행] tied; held; committed; limit; constraint; leap; jump

brand:

n. [상표] a burning piece of wood; mark made by burning with a hot iron; distinctive mark upon in any way

breakdown:

n. [분석] process of failing to function or continue; a sudden collapse in physical or mental health; summary of itemized data

breeze:

n. [산들바람] light current of air; gentle wind; progress swiftly and effortlessly

brief:

a. [소개] short in time, duration, length, or extent; concise

brilliant:

a. [화려한] full of light; shining; bright; sharp and clear in tone

bubble:

n. [풍선] foam; dome-shaped covering made of transparent glass or plastic; fantastic or impracticable idea or belief

bucket:

n. [양동이] vessel for drawing up water from a well; a vessel for hoisting and conveying coal, ore, grain

bribe:

n. [뇌물] something serving to influence or persuade; reward or gift to prevent judgment

briefcase:

n. [서류 가방] portable, often flat case with a handle, used for carrying papers or books

brutal:

a. [잔인한] like a brute; savage; cruel; inhuman; merciless

buck:

v. [책임] move quickly and violently; jump vertically; strive with determination

bud:

n. [버드] one that is not yet fully developed; sprout

budget:

n. [예산] estimate; a sum of money allocated for a particular purpose

bull:

n. [황소] male of any species of cattle; large, strong, and aggressive person; optimist regarding business conditions

bump:

n. [밤] impact as from a collision; lump on the body caused by a blow

bush:

n. [부시] place abounding in trees or shrubs; the wild forest

bust:

n. [가슴] the occasion for excessive eating or drinking; complete failure; sculpture of the head and shoulders of a person

bug:

n. [버그] general name applied to various insects

bully:

n. [깡패] noisy, blustering fellow; one who is threatening and quarrelsome; insolent, tyrannical fellow

bunch:

n. [다발] clump; cluster; gathering

business:

n. [비즈니스] rightful concern or responsibility; occupation, work, or trade-in which a person is engaged; commercial enterprise

buzz:

n. [버즈] confusion of activity and gossip; the sound of rapid vibration

cabin:

n. [오두막] a small room on a ship or boat where people sleep

cable:

n. [케이블] solid thick rope made of twisted steel or metal wire

cafeteria:

n. [식당] a restaurant where you serve yourself and pay a cashier

campaign:

n. [캠페인] battle; a series of actions advancing a principle or tending toward a particular end

cancel:

v. [취소] revoke; call off; omit or delete

cabinet:

n. [캐비닛] group of persons appointed by a head of state or a prime minister; hut; cottage; small house; small room; a closet

cafe:

n. [카페] coffee house; restaurant where coffee and liquors are served

calendar:

n. [일정] the orderly arrangement as years, months, weeks, and days; a table showing months, weeks, and days

campus:

n. [캠퍼스] the field where the buildings of a university are situated

candidate:

n. [후보자] a person who is considered for something; a person who is nominated for an office, prize, or honor

capable:

a. [수] having the ability required for a specific task

cape:

n. [망토] piece or point of land, extending beyond the adjacent coast into the sea or a lake; sleeveless outer garment

capture:

n. [캡쳐] act of seizing by force, or getting possession of by superior power; thing taken by force, surprise, or stratagem

carry:

v. [수행] convey or transport in any manner from one place to another; hold or support while moving; bear

carton:

n. [판지 상자] pasteboard for paper boxes; pasteboard box

capacity:

n. [용량] mental or physical ability; ability to accommodate

capital:

n. [자본] wealth in the form of money or property; assets available for use; a city that is the official seat of government

carrot:

n. [당근] the root of cultivated varieties of the plant, usually spindle-shaped and of a reddish yellow color

cart:

n. [장바구니] common name for various kinds of vehicles; twowheeled vehicle; light business wagon

cash:

n. [현금] money paid at the time of purchase; money in the form of bills or coins; currency

cast:

v. [캐스트] assign the roles of; choose at random

catch:

v. [잡기] capture or seize, especially after a chase; take by or as if by trapping; reach just in time

catholic:

a. [카톨릭] broadly sympathetic; universal; related to Roman Catholic Church

cemetery:

n. [묘지] place or ground set apart for the burial of the dead; graveyard

ceremony:

n. [의식] a formal act or set of acts performed as prescribed by ritual or custom

casual:

a. [dreary] informal; purposeless;occurring by chance

catching:

a. [잡기] act of seizing or taking hold of; captivating; alluring

cellar:

n. [지하실] room or rooms under a building, and usually below the surface of the ground

cereal:

n. [시리얼] grass such as wheat, oats, or corn, the starchy grains of which are used as a food

certificate:

n. [증명서] the document attesting to the truth of certain stated facts; document issued to a person completing a course

challenge:

v. [도전] assert a right; raise a formal objection; take exception to

champagne:

n. [샴페인] light wine, of several kinds, originally made in the province of Champagne, in France

channel:

n. [채널] passage for water or other fluids to flow through; bed of a stream or river; route of communication or access

chapel:

n. [교회] place of worship that is smaller than and subordinate to a church; service conducted in a chapel

charge:

v. [요금] set or ask for a certain price; load to capacity; fill; instruct or urge authoritatively; command

chamber:

n. [챔버] cell; compartment; room

champion:

v. [챔피언] protect or fight for the first place

chaos:

n. [혼란] disorder; condition or place of great disorder or confusion; disorderly mass

chapter:

n. [장] division of a book or treatise; assembly of monks; bishop's council; organized branch of some society

charity:

n. [자선] activity or gift that benefits the public at large

charm:

n. [매력] power or quality of pleasing or delighting; attractiveness; item worn for its supposed magical benefit

chase:

v. [추적] pursue to kill or take; hunt; follow as if to catch

check:

v. [확인] stop motion; curb or restrain

cherish:

v. [아끼고] harbor; treasure; treat with affection and tenderness; hold dear

chief:

a. [수석] highest in office or rank; principal; head

chart:

n. [차트] graph; diagram; map showing coastlines, water depths, or other information of use to navigators

chat:

n. [채팅] talk without exchanging too much information; informal conversation

cheer:

n. [치어 리더] the lightness of spirits or mood; source of joy or happiness; festive food and drink; refreshment

chew:

v. [씹어] bite and grind with the teeth

chill:

a. [감기] cool; freeze; a feeling of cold

chin:

n. [턱] the central forward portion of the lower jaw; bottom of the face

choir:

n. [성가대] band or organized company of singers, especially in church service

circuit:

n. [회로] electrical device that provides a path for electrical current to flow

civil:

a. [민사] having to do with citizens or the state; courteous and polite

claim:

n. [주장] demand for something as rightful or due

chip:

v. [칩] cut small pieces from; diminish or reduce to shape; break or crack

choke:

v. [질식] breathe with great difficulty, as when experiencing a strong emotion; reduce the air supply

circus:

n. [서커스] public entertainment of performances by acrobats, clowns, and trained animals

civilian:

a. [민간인] of or relating to non-military life

classic:

n. [고전] work of acknowledged excellence and authority, or its author; creation of the highest excellence

clearance:

n. [허가] act of clearing; space cleared; permission to proceed or trust

client:

n. [클라이언트] someone who pays to get goods or services

clip:

n. [클립] a small section of filmed or filed material

clue:

n. [단서] a ball of thread or cord; thread; something guides or directs anything of a doubtful or intricate nature

cocaine:

n. [코카인] drug extracted from coca leaves as a surface anesthetic or taken for pleasure, that can become addictive

click:

v. [누릅니다] make a slight, sharp noise by gentle striking; tick

clinic:

n. [클리닉] healthcare facility for outpatient care

closet:

n. [옷장] a small room or apartment; room for privacy

coach:

n. [코치] tutor; teacher; a vehicle carrying many passengers

code:

n. [코드] body of law; system of rules or regulations relating to one subject; system of symbols, letters, or words

coin:

v. [동전] make pieces of money from metal; invent or fabricate

column:

n. [칼럼] pillar; cylindrical or polygonal support for roof; anything resembling, in form or position; upright body or mass

combine:

v. [결합] blend; fuse; merge

comic:

a. [만화] arousing or provoking laughter; ridiculous; amusing; humorous

commercial:

a. [상용] money-making; involved in work that is intended for the mass market

coincidence:

n. [우연] two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

combat:

v. [전투] struggle as with an opposing force; fight with

comedy:

n. [코메디] light and humorous drama with a happy ending

comment:

v. [댓글] express an opinion; remark

commission:

n. [위원회] fee for services; a group of people appointed to find out about something; authorize

commit:

v. [저지] do something that cannot be changed; cause to be admitted

committee:

n. [위원회] special group delegated to consider some matter

communication:

n. [커뮤니케이션] the activity of communicating; the activity of conveying information

company:

n. [회사 소개] team; guard team; group of persons; business enterprise

competition:

n. [경쟁] struggle; rivalry; an act of competing as for a profit prize

commitment:

n. [헌신] pledge, undertaking; an act of binding yourself to a course of action

communicate:

v. [통신] send information about; make known; impart; reveal clearly

community:

n. [커뮤니티] society; a group of people living in the same locality and under the same government

compare:

v. [나침반] examine and note the similarities or differences of

competitive:

a. [복잡] of or pertaining to competition; producing competition; showing a fighting disposition

complex:

a. [안색 비교] complicated in structure; a whole structure, as a building, made up of interconnected or related structures

compliment:

n. [칭찬] praise; commendation; say something to someone that expresses praise

concentrate:

v. [집중] bring to or direct toward a common center; unite more closely; gather into one body

concern:

n. [관심사] interest in any person or thing; regard; solicitude; anxiety

condition:

n. [조건] mode or state of being; fitness; existing circumstances

complicated:

a. [복잡한] difficult to analyze or understand

compromise:

v. [타협 viscid] adjust or settle by making mutual concessions; endanger the interests or reputation of

concept:

n. [개념] something formed in mind; thought or notion

concrete:

n. [콘크리트] solid mass; covering with cement; hard, strong construction material consisting of sand, conglomerate, and gravel

conduct:

v. [행위] direct the course of; manage or control; lead or guide

confess:

v. [고백] acknowledge; admit that you have done something wrong

confident:

a. [자신감] assured; having or marked by assurance

confirm:

v. [확인] support or establish the certainty or validity of; verify

confront:

v. [직면] be face to face with; oppose in hostility or competition; deal with

congress:

n. [의회] meeting of elected or appointed representatives

confidence:

n. [자신감] feeling secure or certain about something

confidential:

a. [기밀] treated with confidence; trusted in; trustworthy; secret

conflict:

n. [갈등] fight; struggle; incompatibility of dates or events

confusion:

n. [혼동] a mistake that results from taking one thing to be another; lack of clarity or order

conscience:

n. [양심] motivation deriving logically from ethical or moral principles; source of moral or ethical judgment

conscious:

a. [의식] awake, thinking, and knowing what is happening around you; alert

constant:

a. [상수] invariable; repeating; continually occurring; persistent

consult:

v. [문의] seek advice or information of; take into account; consider

contact:

v. [연락처] get in touch with; reach

content:

n. [콘텐츠] volume; something contained; material, including text and images

conspiracy:

n. [공모] plot; intrigue; agreement to perform together an illegal, wrongful, or subversive act

constitution:

n. [헌장] law determining the fundamental political principles of a government; the act of forming something

consumer:

n. [소비자] people who buy goods or services

contempt:

n. [경멸] state of being despised or dishonored; disgrace; disobedience to, or open disrespect of

contest:

v. [경연 대회] contend for; call in question; oppose; dispute

contract:

v. [계약서] constrict; make smaller; compress or concentrate

convention:

n. [컨벤션] social or moral custom; formal meeting of members, representatives, or delegates; agreement between states

conviction:

n. [신념] the judgment that someone is guilty of a crime; strongly held belief

cooperate:

v. [협조] work or act together toward a common end or purpose

corner:

n. [코너 편의] position at which two lines, surfaces, or edges meet and form an angle

contrary:

a. [반대] relation of direct opposition; very opposed in nature or character or purpose

convict:

v. [죄수] find or declare guilty

convince:

v. [설득] overpower; force to yield assent to truth; satisfy by proof; prove guilty

core:

n. [코어] basic, center, or most important part; the essence

corporate:

a. [기업] united or combined into one body; collective; belonging to a corporation or incorporated body