3000 SAT Vocabulary Level 1 - 1: Print One-sided Flashcard

abandon:

n. lacking restraint or control; feeling of extreme emotional intensity; unbounded enthusiasm

abject:

a. being of the most miserable kind; wretched; lacking pride; brought low in condition or status

absolute:

a. perfect in quality or nature; complete; totally unlimited; certain

absorb:

v. assimilate or incorporate; suck or drink up; occupy full attention

abstract:

a. theoretical; not concrete; not applied or practical; difficult to understand **abduction**: n. the criminal act of capturing and carrying away by force

abrasive: a. rubbing away; tending to grind down

absolve:

v. pronounce clear of guilt or blame; grant remission of sin to; acquit

abstinence:

n. restraint from eating or drinking; refraining from indulging appetite or desire

abusive:

a. coarsely insulting; physically harmful; characterized by improper or wrongful use

abyss:

 n. enormous chasm; vast bottomless pit; any deep, immeasurable space; hell

accelerate:

v. move faster; cause to develop or progress more quickly; occur sooner than expected

accessory:

n. additional object; useful but
not essential thing; subordinate
or supplementary item

accomplice:

n. partner in crime; associate in wrongdoing

acknowledge:

v. declare to be true or admit; express obligation, thanks

academic:

a. related to school; not practical or directly useful; relating to the scholarly organization; based on formal education

accessible:

a. easily approached or entered; obtainable; easy to talk to or get along with

accommodate:

v. do a favor or service for; provide for; supply with; make suitable; adapt; allow for

accord:

n. settlement or compromise of conflicting opinions; written agreement between two states

acme:

n. the highest point or level, as of achievement or development; maturity or perfection of animal

acquire:

v. gain through experience or effort; gain possession of; locate with a tracking system

acute:

a. quickly perceptive; keen; having a sharp point or tip; extremely sharp or severe

adamant:

a. extremely hard; inflexible; stubbornly unyielding

addiction:

n. the compulsive physiological and psychological need for a substance; being abnormally dependent on something

adept:

a. expert at; very skilled; having or showing knowledge and skill and aptitude

acquittal:

n. state of being found or proved not guilty; judgment of not guilty

adage:

n. wise saying; brief familiar proverb; expression of popular wisdom

adapt:

v. make fit for; change to suit a new purpose

address:

v. make a formal speech to; deal with or discuss; direct efforts or attention of

adhere:

v. stick fast; stick to firmly; be compatible or in accordance with

adjacent:

a. adjoining; neighboring; close to; lying near

adolescence:

n. state of growing up from childhood to manhood or womanhood; transitional period between youth and maturity

adverse:

a. in opposing direction; harmful or unfavorable; acting or serving to oppose

advocate:

v. speak, plead, or argue in favor of; plead for; push for something

affected:

a. speaking or behaving in an artificial way; emotionally stirred or moved; infected or attacked

administration:

n. management; supervision; people who are in charge of management; the activity of government for powers and duties

adversary:

n. the opponent in a contest; someone who offers opposition

adversity:

n. state of misfortune, hardship, or affliction; misfortune

aesthetic:

a. elegant or tasteful; of or concerning the appreciation of beauty or good taste

affidavit:

n. written statement made under oath

affiliation:

n. partnership; alliance; association in the same family or society

aftermath:

n. outcome; consequence, especially of a disaster or misfortune

agent:

n. one that acts on behalf of other persons or organizations

alias:

n. assumed name; another name; a name that has been assumed temporarily

alienate:

v. cause to become unfriendly or hostile; transfer property or ownership; isolate or dissociate emotionally

affliction:

n. cause or condition of pain, suffering, or distress

agenda:

n. items of business at a meeting; list or program of things to be done or considered

aggressor: n. one that engages in aggression; a person who first attacks

alien:

a. dissimilar, inconsistent, or opposed in nature; very different place, society, or person

alimony:

n. payment by a husband to his divorced wife, or vice versa

allegiance:

n. loyalty to a nation, sovereign, or cause; fidelity to any person or thing; devotion

alloy:

n. mixture; a combination of diverse things

aloof:

a. apart; remote in manner; distant physically or emotionally; reserved and remote

amend:

v. change for the better; improve; remove faults or errors

ammunition:

n. military stores or provisions; articles used in weapons, as powder, balls, shot, shells

alleviate:

v. provide physical relief, as from pain; make easier; remove in part

allure:

v. attract with something desirable; be highly, often subtly attractive

altercation:

n. a noisy quarrel; contention in words; dispute carried on with heat or anger; controversy

amiss:

a. out of proper order; not in perfect shape; faulty

amnesia:

n. partial or total loss of memory, usually resulting from shock or illness

amnesty:

n. the general pardon granted by the government, especially for political offenses

ample:

a. more than enough in size or scope or capacity; relatively large

analogy:

n. the similarity in some respects; comparison based on similarity

anchor:

v. secure or fasten firmly; be fixed in place; narrate or coordinate

anemia:

n. condition in which blood lacks red corpuscles; deficiency of red blood cells; lack of vitality

amoral:

a. lacking moral sensibility; not caring about right and wrong

amulet:

n. object worn, especially around the neck, as a charm against evil or injury; charm

anarchy:

n. absence of governing body; state of disorder; political disorder and confusion

anecdote:

 n. a short account of the amusing or interesting event; short narrative; a secret story of history or biography

anesthetic:

n. a substance that causes loss of sensation; producing temporary loss or impairment of feeling

anguish:

n. agonizing physical or mental pain; extreme suffering

animosity:

n. bitter hostility; active hatred; hostile feeling or act

anomaly:

n. irregularity; a person or something unusual; departure from the normal or common order

anonymous:

a. having no name; having an unknown or unacknowledged name

anthropologist: n. one who studies history and science of mankind

animated:

a. having life or vigor or spirit; filled with activity; in the form of cartoon

annex:

v. append or attach; take possession of; incorporate into an existing political unit

anonymity:

n. state of being nameless; one that is unknown or unacknowledged

anthem:

n. song of praise or patriotism; the song of devotion or loyalty

antidote:

n. medicine to counteract a poison or disease; an agent that relieves or counteracts

antiquated:

a. too old to be fashionable, suitable, or useful; obsolete; aged

ape:

v. imitate; mimic, as an ape imitates human actions

apparatus:

n. a group of parts that work together to perform a given function; appliance, or device for a particular purpose

application:

n. close attention; work of applying something; verbal or written request for assistance

apprehend:

v. take into custody; arrest a criminal; grasp mentally; perceive

antiseptic:

n. a substance that prevents infection; a substance that restricts the growth of diseasecausing microorganisms

apocalyptic:

a. prophetic; involving or portending widespread devastation

appease:

v. bring peace, quiet, or calm to; satisfy or relieve

appreciate:

v. be thankful for; increase in worth; be thoroughly conscious of

appropriate:

v. acquire; take possession of for one's own use; set apart for specific use

aptitude:

n. inherent ability; quickness in learning and understanding

arbitrator:

n. someone chosen to judge and decide the disputed issue; one having the power to make authoritative decisions

archives:

n. public records; place where public records are kept

array:

v. set out for display or use; place in orderly arrangement

arrogance:

n. overbearing pride; haughtiness; manifest feeling of personal superiority in rank, power, or estimation

arbitrary:

a. randomly chosen; determined by chance or impulse, and not by reason or principle

arcade:

n. covered passageway, usually lined with shops; simple arched opening in a wall; vault or vaulted place

aria:

n. operatic solo; a solo vocal piece with instrumental accompaniment

arrest:

v. stop or slow down; catch someone's attention; take into custody

arrogant:

a. arising from feeling or assumption of one's superiority toward others

arsenal:

n. storage place for military equipment; a stock of weapons

artifact:

n. the object made by human beings; inaccurate observation, effect, or result

asinine:

a. utterly stupid or silly; inanely foolish

assert:

v. declare or state with confidence; put oneself forward boldly

assumption:

n. something taken for accepted as true without proof; taking over or taking possession of

articulate:

a. expressing oneself easily in clear and effective language

ascertain

v. find out for certain; discover with certainty; make sure of

aspire: v. seek to attain; long for; strive toward an end

assessment: n. act of judging or assessing; amount determined as payable

assurance:

n. promise or pledge; certainty; self-confidence; freedom from doubt

asteroid:

n. small planet; any small celestial bodies that revolve around the sun

astronomical:

a. enormously large or extensive; relating to astronomy

asylum:

n. place of refuge or shelter; protection

atone:

v. make amends, as for sin or fault; pay for; turn away from sin

attentive: a. alert and watchful; considerate; thoughtful **astral**: a. relating to stars; star-shaped

astute: a. wise or keen; shrewd; with sharp intelligence

atlas: n. a bound volume of maps, charts, or tables

attain: v. achieve or accomplish; gain

attest:

v. testify; authenticate, affirm to be true

attribute:

n. essential quality; reputation; honor

auditorium:

n. area of theater or concert hall where the audience sits

authoritative:

a. weighting authority; peremptory and dictatorial

auxiliary:

a. helper, additional or subsidiary

avalanche:

n. a great mass of falling snow and ice

audit:

v. examine, verify, or correct the financial accounts of

august:

a. impressive; majestic; inspiring awe or admiration

autopsy: n. examination of dead body; post-mortem

avail:

v. turn to the advantage of; be of service to; profit; promote

avenge:

v. take vengeance for something, or on behalf of someone

aversion:

n. firm dislike; turning away; avoidance of a thing, situation, or behavior because of dislike

avid:

a. greedy; eager for; marked by keen interest and enthusiasm

babble:

v. talk foolishly or idly; utter meaningless confusion of words or sounds

bait:

v. harass; tease; lure, entice, or entrap

balmy: a. mild and pleasant; fragrant

avert:

v. prevent; turn or cause to turn off or away

awe:

n. mixed emotion of reverence, respect, dread, and wonder; fear, as of something evil

badger:

v. pester; annoy persistently; persuade through constant efforts

balm: n. something that relieves pain

bane:

n. something causes misery or death; curse; fatal injury or ruin

barb:

n. sharp projection from fishhook; openly cutting remark

beam:

n. ray of light; a long piece of metal or wood; long piece fixed or movable in structure, machine, or tool

belittle:

v. disparage or depreciate; put down

beneficial:

a. helpful; tending to promote physical well-being

benevolent

a. generous in providing aid to others; charitable

barren:

a. desolate; fruitless and unproductive; lacking

begrudge:

v. resent; give or expend with reluctance; be envious of

benefactor:

n. gift giver; a person who gives people or institutions financial help

beneficiary:

n. a person entitled to benefits or proceeds of an insurance policy or will

benign: a. kindly; favorable; not malignant bent:

a. determined to do or have

beseech:

v. beg; plead with; ask for or request earnestly

betray:

v. be unfaithful; reveal unconsciously or unwillingly

bizarre:

a. fantastic; violently contrasting; strangely unconventional in style or appearance

blasphemy:

n. act of claiming for oneself the attributes and rights of God; utterance or writing concerning God

berserk:

a. mentally or emotionally upset; deranged; excessively agitated

bestow: v. give as a gift; present

biased: a. favoring one person or side over another; prejudiced

bland:

a. lacking stimulating or mild; agreeable

blatant: a. flagrant; conspicuously obvious; loudly offensive

bleak:

a. cold or cheerless; unlikely to be favorable

bluff:

n. the pretense of strength; mislead or deceive

blurt:

v. utter suddenly and impulsively

bogus:

a. counterfeit or fake; not authentic; not genuine

booming:

a. deep and resonant; flourishing; thriving

bloated:

a. swollen or puffed as with water or air

blunt:

a. having a dull edge or end; not sharp; lacking in feeling; insensitive

bode:

v. foreshadow; indicate by signs; be an omen of; predict

bolt:

v. dash or dart off; move or jump suddenly

boundless:

a. being without boundaries or limits; infinite; vast

bourgeois:

a. middle class; selfishly materialistic; dully conventional

bravado:

n. defiant or swaggering behavior; the pretense of courage; false show of bravery

breach:

n. breaking of contract or duty;breaking of waves or surf; fissure or gap

brochure:

n. pamphlet; small book usually having a paper cover

browse: v. graze; skim or glance at casually **boycott**: v. refrain from buying or using

brazen:

a. having loud, usually harsh, resonant sound; shameless

brittle: a. easily broken; having little elasticity

brooch:

n. ornamental clasp; decorative pin worn by women

buffet:

n. table with food set out for people to serve themselves; meal at which people help themselves to food that's been set out

bureaucracy: n. over-regulated ad

n. over-regulated administrative system

cache:

n. hiding place; secret store of valuables or money

calculated:

a. deliberately planned; carefully thought out in advance

callous:

a. emotionally hardened; unfeeling; toughened

candor:

n. frankness; quality of being honest and straightforward in attitude and speech

burly:

a. husky; muscular and heavily built

cadaver:

n. corpse; dead body, especially one intended for dissection

caliber:

n. ability; degree or grade of excellence or worth; diameter of a tube or gun barrel

camouflage:

v. exploit natural surroundings to disguise something; conceal

canine:

a. related to dogs; dog-like; affecting or derived from dogs

cant:

 n. inclination or slope; slanted or oblique surface; jargon, especially of thieves; dialect

caprice:

n. sudden, unexpected fancy; impulsive change of mind

carat:

n. unit of weight for precious stones; a measure of fineness of gold

cardiologist:

n. the doctor who specializes in medical problems related to heart

carnal:

a. fleshly; of or relating to body or flesh; bodily

capacity:

n. mental or physical ability; ability to accommodate

caption: n. title; chapter heading; text under illustration

cardinal: a. chief; serving as an essential component

carnage:

n. destruction of life; the savage and excessive killing of many people

cascade: n. small waterfall; sudden downpour

casualty:

n. serious or fatal accident; someone injured or killed in an accident

catastrophe:

n. calamity; disaster; state of extreme ruin and misfortune

caucus:

n. a private meeting of members of a party to select officers or determine policy

celebrated:

a. famous; well-known; having illustrious past

cerebral:

a. relating to the brain or cerebrum; intellectual rather than emotional

catalyst:

n. an agent which brings about chemical change while it remains unaffected and unchanged

catholic:

a. broadly sympathetic; universal; related to Roman Catholic Church

cavalier: a. offhand or casual; given to haughty disregard of others

censor:

n. overseer of morals; official responsible for removal of objectionable or sensitive content

champion: v. protect or fight for the first place

chaotic:

a. in utter disorder; lacking visible order or organization

charlatan:

n. quack; one who pretends to knowledge, skill, or importance

check:

v. stop motion; curb or restrain

chisel:

n. a metal tool with a sharp edge used to cut and shape stone, wood, or metal

choreography:

n. art of representing dances in written symbols; the arrangement of dances

charisma:

n. divine gift; great popular charm or appeal of a political leader

chaste:

a. morally pure in thought or conduct; decent and modest

checkered:

a. divided into squares; diversified in color; marked by great changes or shifts in fortune

chivalrous:

a. having qualities of ideal knight; faithful; brave

chronic:

a. lasting for a long period; marked by frequent recurrence, as certain diseases

chronicle:

v. report or record in chronological order

civil:

a. having to do with citizens or the state; courteous and polite

clandestine:

a. secret; conducted with or marked by hidden aims or methods

clemency:

n. mildness, as of the weather; merciful, kind, or lenient act

clip: n. a small section of filmed or filed material **cite**: v. quote; adduce as an instance

clairvoyant: n. having foresight; fortuneteller

clasp: n. fastening device; firm grip

clientele:

n. clients of professional person; the body of customers or patrons

clout:

n. blow, especially with the fist; great influence, especially political or social

coalition:

n. partnership; league; state of being combined into one body

coin:

v. make pieces of money from metal; invent or fabricate

collage:

n. work of art put together from fragments

colossal:

a. of extraordinary size; huge; gigantic

commemorate:

v. serve as a memorial to; honor the memory of with a ceremony

coercion:

n. use of force to get someone to obey

coincidence: n. two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

collateral: n. security pledged for repayment of loan

comatose: a. in coma; extremely sleepy;

unconscious

communal: a. held in common; of a group of people

commute:

v. obtain or bargain for exemption or substitution; regularly travel from a place of residence to another place

compatible:

a. harmonious; having similar disposition and tastes

complement:

v. complete; consummate; make perfect

component:

n. element; ingredient; abstract part of something

comprehensive: a. thorough; including all or everything; broad in scope compact:

n. small and economical car; small cosmetics case

compelling: a. overpowering; drivingly forceful; urgently requiring attention

compliance: n. readiness to yield; happy friendly agreement

compound: n. combination of two or more elements or parts

compress:

v. close; squeeze or press together; contract

compromise:

v. adjust or settle by making mutual concessions; endanger the interests or reputation of

concede:

v. admit; yield; give up physical control of another

concession:

n. act of yielding; point yielded; acknowledgment or admission

conundrum:

n. riddle; difficult problem; dilemma

convention:

n. social or moral custom; formal meeting of members, representatives, or delegates; agreement between states

compute:

v. reckon; make a mathematical calculation

conception: n. beginning; forming of an idea; an act of conceiving

concord: n. agreement of opinions; harmonious state of things

convene: v. cause to come together formally

conventional:

a. based upon traditional rules; formed by agreement or compact

converse:

v. chat; talk informally; engage in a spoken exchange of thoughts

conviction:

n. the judgment that someone is guilty of a crime; strongly held belief

coronation:

n. ceremony of crowning queen or king

cosmic:

a. of the universe; vast

covert: a. secretive, not openly shown

convert:

n. change something into another form; transform

cordial:

a. gracious; showing warmth and friendliness

corroborate:

v. establish or strengthen as with new evidence or facts; support with evidence

cosmopolitan:

a. sophisticated; of worldwide scope

curator:

n. one who manages museum or library; superintendent; manager

curt:

a. having been shortened; effectively cut short; rudely brief or abrupt, as in speech or manner

dabble:

v. splash liquid gently and playfully; undertake something without serious intent

deadlock:

n. standstill resulting from the opposition of two forces or factions; stalemate

debris:

n. remains of something that has been destroyed or broken up

decipher:

v. convert code into ordinary language; read with difficulty

cynical:

a. skeptical of motives of others; selfishly calculating; negative or pessimistic

dank:

a. disagreeably damp or humid; cold moisture; unpleasant humidity

debacle: n. sudden downfall; complete disaster

debutante:

n. young woman making formal entrance into society

decorum:

n. propriety in manners and conduct; good taste in manners; conventions or requirements of polite behavior

decoy:

n. lure or bait; means used to mislead or lead into danger

defer:

v. delay till later; put off; hold back to a later time

definitive:

a. final; complete; precisely defined or explicit

defuse:

v. remove the fuse of the bomb; reduce or eliminate the threat

degradation:

n. humiliation; debasement; decline to a lower condition, quality, or level

default:

n. failure to act; an option that is selected automatically

defiance: n. refusal to yield; readiness to contend or resist

deflect: v. turn aside; draw someone's attention away from something

degenerate: v. become worse; decline; fall

delectable:

a. delightful; delicious; extremely pleasing to the sense of taste

delete:

v. erase; strike out; remove or make invisible

delusion:

n. false belief; mistaken or unfounded opinion

demented:

a. insane; mad; of unsound mind; mentally ill

demolition:

n. act of overthrowing, pulling down, or destroying

deposition:

n. testimony under oath; the act of depositing, especially laying down of matter by natural process

deliberate:

v. consider; think about carefully; weigh

demeanor: n. conduct; management; way in

which a person behaves

demise: n. end of existence or activity; termination

deploy:

v. position troops in readiness for combat, as along a front or line; put into use or action

deranged:

a. disordered; especially in mind; crazy; insane