TOEFL Vocabulary Level 1 - 1: Print One-sided Flashcard

abbreviation:

n. shortening something by omitting parts of it

abort:

v. stop; terminate before completion; terminate a pregnancy

absence:

n. state of being absent; state of being away

abstract:

a. theoretical; not concrete; not applied or practical; difficult to understand

accompany:

v. travel with; be associated with

abnormal:

a. unusual; not typical; not normal

Total words: 300

abrasive:

a. rubbing away; tending to grind down

absolutely:

ad. utterly; not viewed in relation to other things or factors

accidental:

a. unexpected; happening by chance, unintentionally

accomplished:

a. skilled; experienced; having many social graces; polished or refined

accounting:

n. a system that provides quantitative information about finances

acidic:

a. tasting sour like acid; being or containing an acid

acupuncture:

n. treatment of pain or disease by inserting the tips of needles at specific points on the skin

adhere:

v. stick fast; stick to firmly; be compatible or in accordance with

adjunct:

n. something added on or attached generally nonessential or inferior

acid:

n. sour; water-soluble compounds having a sour taste; quality of being sarcastic, bitter, or scornful

actual:

a. true; real; being, existing, or acting at the present moment; current

adequate:

a. sufficient; enough to meet a purpose

adhesive:

a. sticky; glutinous; tending to persist

admit:

v. permit to enter; receive; provide the right or a means of entrance to

adventure:

n. something happens without design; chance; hazard; risk; danger

adversity:

n. state of misfortune, hardship, or affliction; misfortune

aerodynamics:

n. study of how objects move through the air or water

affective:

a. sentimental; emotional;emotionally charged

aggregation:

n. several things grouped together or considered as a whole

adventurous:

a. valiant; venturesome; inclined or willing to incur hazard or engage in adventures

advocate:

v. speak, plead, or argue in favor of; plead for; push for something

affected:

a. speaking or behaving in an artificial way; emotionally stirred or moved; infected or attacked

aggravate:

v. worsen; make worse or more troublesome

ailment:

n. sickness; a slight but often persistent illness

aircraft:

n. a vehicle that can fly, such as an airplane, helicopter, balloon

alike:

a. similar; in the same manner or to the same degree

alliteration:

n. repetition of a beginning sound in poetry

alteration:

n. a passage from one form or state to another; change

aluminum:

n. silvery ductile metallic element

alert:

n. the warning serves; alarm; condition of heightened watchfulness or preparation for action

allegation:

n. suggestion without proof that someone has done something wrong

alone:

a. solitary; by oneself, not with any other people

alternation:

n. successive change from one thing or state to another and back again

amazement:

n. wonder; state of extreme surprise or wonder; astonishment

ambivalence:

n. state of having contradictory or conflicting emotional attitudes, such as love and hate

analogy:

n. the similarity in some respects; comparison based on similarity

anecdote:

n. a short account of the amusing or interesting event; short narrative; a secret story of history or biography

angular:

a. sharp-cornered; consisting of an angle or angles; stiff in manner

anthem:

n. song of praise or patriotism; the song of devotion or loyalty

amenable:

a. responsive to advise or suggestion; responsible to a higher authority; willing to comply with; agreeable

analysis:

n. study; investigation; the process of breaking down a substance into its constituent parts

anesthetic:

n. a substance that causes loss of sensation; producing temporary loss or impairment of feeling

annually:

ad. yearly; each year; returning every year; year by year

anthropology:

 n. social science that studies origins and social relationships of human beings

anticipation:

n. something expected; pleasurable expectation; wishing with confidence

antiquity:

n. ancient times, especially the times preceding the Middle Ages; extreme oldness

appointment:

n. act of putting a person into a non-elective position;arrangement

approval:

n. official approbation; endorsement; an act of approving

aquamarine:

a. of bluish-green color; of pale blue to light greenish-blue

antiquated:

a. too old to be fashionable, suitable, or useful; obsolete; aged

antiseptic:

n. a substance that prevents infection; a substance that restricts the growth of disease-causing microorganisms

apprentice:

n. works for an expert to learn a trade; beginner; learner

approve:

v. ratify; consider right or good; think or speak favorably of

aquarium:

n. tank or pool or bowl filled with water for keeping live fish and underwater animals

arboreal:

a. tree-dwelling; treelike; living in trees

architect:

n. one who designs and supervises the construction of buildings or other large structures

armor:

n. shield; defensive covering, as of metal, wood, or leather, worn to protect the body against weapons

array:

v. set out for display or use; place in orderly arrangement

artery:

n. one of the vessels or tubes which carry either venous or arterial blood from the heart; major transit corridor

archaeology:

n. study of artifacts and relics of early humankind

arithmetic:

n. theory of numerical calculations

arms:

n. weapons considered collectively; official symbols of a family

arsenal:

n. storage place for military equipment; a stock of weapons

articulate:

v. speak clearly and distinctly; utter a speech sound; be jointed; make clear or effective

ascent:

n. upward slope or grade; movement upward

association:

n. connection, whether of persons or things; a union of persons in a company or society for some particular purpose

assortment:

n. variety; collection containing a variety of sorts of things

assumption:

n. something taken for accepted as true without proof; taking over or taking possession of

astonish:

v. surprise someone very much; shock

assignment:

n. a task that was given to students; job; distribution; appointment

assorted:

a. varied; consisting of various types mixed together

assume:

v. suppose; presume; take on; bear

assure:

v. tell someone confidently that something is true; guarantee; convince

astute:

a. wise or keen; shrewd; with sharp intelligence

asymmetrical:

a. unbalanced; uneven; having parts on either side or half that do not match

atomization:

n. act of reducing to atoms, or very minute particles

attempt:

n. the action of trying at something

aurora:

n. a natural appearance of coloured light in the sky, that is usually seen nearest the Arctic or Antarctic

avenue:

n. way or opening for entrance or exit place; passage by which a place may be reached; broad street

athlete:

n. a sportsman; one who contended for a prize in public games

atrophy:

n. wasting away; decrease in size; reduction in the functionality of an organ caused by disease

audience:

n. a group of people within hearing; crowd seeing a stage performance

autonomous:

a. self-governing; not controlled by others or by outside forces; independent

average:

a. typical; mean; achieve or reach on average

averse:

a. reluctant; disinclined; turned away or backward; unwilling

avoid:

v. shield away from; prevent

bachelor:

n. unmarried men; the first or lowest academic degree conferred by universities and colleges

balloonist:

n. someone who flies a balloon

bar:

n. a counter where you can obtain food or drink; cafe; strip; stick

aviator:

n. someone who operates an aircraft

axis:

n. the center around which something rotates; pivot

backbone:

n. support; mainstay; vertebrate spine or spinal column

bankruptcy:

n. state of being unable to pay your debts

barb:

n. sharp projection from fishhook; openly cutting remark

bark:

n. a sound made by a dog; harsh sound uttered by a dog

barrenness:

n. property of not supporting life, no children, or unable to have children; defect of emotion, sensibility, or fervency

bean

n. various edible seeds; small oval or roundish seed, berry, nut, or lump

beat:

v. whip; strike; defeat; hit repeatedly

below:

ad. under, or lower in place; beneath not so high; inferior to in rank; unworthy of

barrel:

n. vessel; large cylindrical container

barter:

v. trade goods or services without the exchange of money

bear

v. support; sustain; carry; have; yield; give birth; hold up or support

behalf:

n. represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

besiege:

v. surround with armed forces; harass with requests

bilateral:

a. two-sided; mutual; involving two groups or countries

biologist:

n. a scientist who studies living organisms

blink:

v. shut eyes briefly; wink

blossom:

n. reproductive organ of plants, especially one having showy or colorful parts

bolster:

v. support or prop up with or as if with a long narrow pillow or cushion

billion:

n. the number that is represented as a one followed by 9 zeros

bitterness:

n. sharp and bitter manner

blizzard:

n. a severe snowstorm with strong winds

boast:

v. show off oneself; speak of with excessive pride

boredom:

n. tedium; dullness; state of being a bore, or the tendency to become tiresome and uninteresting

boring:

a. uninteresting and tiresome; dull

bound:

n. tied; held; committed; limit; constraint; leap; jump

braid:

v. weave; interweave three or more strands

breathtaking:

a. very surprising or shocking

broaden:

v. widen; grow broad or broader

boulder:

n. a rounded rock lying on the surface of ground or embedded in soil

bowl:

v. throw or roll a ball; move quickly and smoothly, especially by rolling

breathe:

v. respire; inhale and exhale air

briny:

a. salty; any huge body of saltwater

bud:

n. one that is not yet fully developed; sprout

buggy:

n. small, lightweight carriage; drawn by a single horse

bundle:

v. tie, wrap, or gather together; hurry; hasten; dress oneself warmly

cab:

n. taxi; a one-horse vehicle for public hire

cabin:

n. a small room on a ship or boat where people sleep

calculator:

n. a small machine that is used for mathematical calculations

bulb:

n. the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball

burrow:

n. tunnel; hole in the ground made by an animal for shelter; moving through by or as by digging

cabal:

n. a small group of persons secretly united to promote their own interests

cadence:

n. rhythmic rise and fall of words or sounds; beat

cancel:

v. revoke; call off; omit or delete

candid:

a. straightforward; frank; free from prejudice; impartial

career:

n. profession or occupation; individual's work and life roles over their lifespan

caricature:

n. a representation that is deliberately exaggerated to produce a comic effect

cause:

n. something produces a result; the basis for an action or response; a reason

ceremonial:

n. ritual; ceremony or rite

carat:

n. unit of weight for precious stones; a measure of fineness of gold

cargo:

n. freight carried by ship, an aircraft, or another vehicle

cater:

v. supply what is needed or desired; provide food professionally for a special occasion

cease:

v. stop; terminate; put an end to; discontinue

chafe:

v. wear away or irritate by rubbing; make sore by rubbing; annoy; vex

chalk:

n. soft, earthy substance, of a white, grayish, or yellowish-white color, used as a drawing implement

characteristic:

 n. a feature that helps to identify, tell apart, or describe recognizably; a distinguishing mark or trait

check:

v. stop motion; curb or restrain

chili:

n. very hot and finely tapering pepper of special pungency

chronology:

n. time sequence; an arrangement of events in time

championship:

n. status of being a champion; position or title of a winner

chat:

n. talk without exchanging too much information; informal conversation

checkup:

n. thorough physical examination

choppy:

a. having many small waves;rough with small waves

cipher:

n. secret code; an Arabic numeral or figure; a number

circle:

n. round; something shaped like such a ring; a group of people sharing an interest, activity, or achievement

circulation:

n. spread or transmission of something to a wider group or area

citizenship:

n. status of a citizen with rights and duties

clause:

n. sentence; phrase; distinct article, stipulation, or provision in a document

climate:

n. weather condition; atmosphere; environment

circular:

a. round; shaped like or nearly like a circle

circumstance:

n. situation; condition; detail accompanying or surrounding an event

clam:

n. soft edible body of such as mollusk

clav

n. very fine-grained soil that is plastic when moist but hard when fired

cling:

v. hold fast or adhere to something; stick together and resist separation; remain emotionally

clip:

n. a small section of filmed or filed material

coalescence:

n. union of diverse things into one body or form or group; growing together of parts

coffeepot:

n. tall pot in which coffee is brewed

coin:

n. small piece of metal, usually flat and circular, authorized by a government for use as money

collaborate:

v. work together, especially in a joint intellectual effort

coach:

n. tutor; teacher; a vehicle carrying many passengers

coarse:

a. rough; harsh; of low, common, or inferior quality

cohesion:

n. a tendency to keep together

coincidence:

n. two or more things occurring at the same time by chance

collaboration:

n. act of working together; act of cooperating with an enemy, especially it occupying one's own country

collusion:

n. a secret agreement for any illegal purpose; conspiracy

combine:

v. blend; fuse; merge

committee:

n. special group delegated to consider some matter

commuter:

n. someone who regularly travels from home in a suburb to work in a city

comparable:

a. similar or equivalent; being of equal regard; worthy of being ranked with

colonize:

v. migrate to and settle in; plant

commerce:

n. trade; business; intellectual exchange or social interaction

community:

n. society; a group of people living in the same locality and under the same government

compact:

n. small and economical car; small cosmetics case

comparative:

a. relative; based on, or involving comparison

compensation:

n. something given or received as payment as for a service or loss or injury

competition:

n. struggle; rivalry; an act of competing as for a profit prize

complementary:

a. serving to fill out or to complete; supplying mutual needs or offsetting mutual lacks

comply:

v. yield assent; accord; agree, or acquiesce; adapt one's self; fulfill; accomplish

comprehend:

v. take in the meaning, nature, or importance of; grasp

compensatory:

a. serving to compensate or as compensation; making amends; repaying

complement:

n. something that completes or makes up a whole or brings to perfection

complicated:

a. difficult to analyze or understand

compose:

v. write; create; make or create by putting together parts or elements

comprehensible:

a. understandable; readily comprehended or understood; intelligible

comprehensive:

a. thorough; including all or everything; broad in scope

concurrent:

a. simultaneous; coincident; occurring or operating at the same time

condition:

n. mode or state of being; fitness; existing circumstances

confinement:

n. state of being confined; restraint within limits; any restraint of liberty by force

confirm:

v. support or establish the certainty or validity of; verify

concept:

n. something formed in mind; thought or notion

condiment:

n. seasoning; something used to give relish to food; something used to enhance the flavor of food, like salt or pepper

conductivity:

n. transmission of heat or electricity or sound

confining:

a. restricting scope or freedom of action; crowded

conformity:

n. similarity in form or character; agreement

congratulation:

n. act of acknowledging that someone has an occasion for celebration

connoisseur:

n. specialist; a person with expert knowledge or training, especially in the fine arts

consequence:

n. result; relation of a result to its cause; logical conclusion or inference

conservative:

a. favoring traditional views and values; tending to oppose change

considerably:

ad. substantially; significantly; to a degree worth considering

congruity:

n. relation or agreement between things; fitness; harmony; correspondence; consistency.

consecutive:

a. following one after another without interruption; sequential

consequent:

a. resulting; following as a logical conclusion

conserve:

v. retain; protect from loss or harm; preserve; use carefully or sparingly, avoiding waste

considerate:

 a. thoughtful; marked by consideration or reflection; deliberate

consistent:

a. agreeing with itself; coherent; regular

constraint:

n. something that restricts or confines within prescribed bounds

container:

n. any object that can be used to hold things

content:

n. volume; something contained; material, including text and images

contiguous:

a. sharing an edge or boundary; touching; neighboring

constrain:

v. restrain; keep within close bounds; confine

consult:

v. seek advice or information of; take into account; consider

contaminate:

v. make impure or unclean by contact or mixture; pollute; defile

contented:

a. satisfied or showing satisfaction with things as they are

continuum:

n. sequence; succession; continuous extent, succession, or whole

contrast:

v. set in opposition to show or emphasize differences; show differences when compared

convention:

n. social or moral custom; formal meeting of members, representatives, or delegates; agreement between states

cooperate:

v. work or act together toward a common end or purpose

cosmopolitan:

a. sophisticated; of worldwide scope

couple:

n. a male and female associated together; a pair who associate with one another

convenience:

n. state of being suitable

convert:

n. change something into another form; transform

corn

n. plants, such as wheat, maize, oats, and barley, that can be used to produce flour

counseling:

n. something that provides direction or advice as to a decision or course of action

craft:

n. something made by people; vessel

crash:

n. smash; collision; falling down or in pieces with a loud noise of breaking parts

creek:

n. a small stream, often a shallow tributary to a river; brook

critical:

a. urgently needed; absolutely necessary; essential; acute; crucial; decisive

crossbones:

n. two crossed bones used as a symbol of danger or death

crossing:

n. traveling across; place at which roads, lines, or tracks intersect; intersection

crayon:

n. stick of colored wax or chalk, used for drawing

crippling:

a. causing someone to be physically disabled, especially unable to walk; causing severe damage or problems

critique:

n. critical review or commentary, especially one dealing with works of art or literature

crossbreeding:

n. reproduction by parents of different races

crumple:

v. fall apart; fold or collapse; crush together or press into wrinkles

crush:

v. press between opposing bodies so as to break or injure; extract or obtain by pressing or squeezing

curiosity:

n. desire to know or learn

cushion:

n. soft pillow or pad usually used for sitting, reclining, or kneeling

customarily:

ad. usually; under normal circumstances, normally

dart:

v. move suddenly and rapidly

cube:

n. three-dimensional shape with six square or rectangular sides; cubicle, used for work or study

current:

n. stream; flow; up-to-date;
present

custom:

n. tradition; practice followed by people of a particular group or region

cyclone:

n. violent rotating windstorm

dawn:

n. time each morning at which daylight first begins; beginning; start

dawning:

n. first light of day; first advent or appearance

debris:

n. remains of something that has been destroyed or broken up

decent:

a. suitable; modest.; honorable; meeting accepted standards

decline:

n. change toward something smaller or lower; gradual falling off from a better state

deference:

n. willingness to carry out the wishes of others; great respect

dearth:

n. scarcity; shortage of food; famine from failure or loss of crops

decadent:

a. self-indulgent; moral decay

declare:

v. state clearly; make known formally or officially

defend:

v. make or keep safe from danger, attack, or harm

deferential:

a. showing deference; being respectful and considerate

deficiency:

n. scarcity; lack or shortage, especially of something essential to health

dehydrate:

v. remove water from; dry out; lose water or bodily fluids

deign:

v. condescend to give or grant; esteem worthy; consider worth notice

demobilize:

v. retire from military service

denote:

v. indicate; signify directly; refer to specifically

definitely:

ad. clearly; without question and beyond doubt

dehydrated:

a. suffering from excessive loss of water

delegate:

n. a person authorized to act as a representative for another;deputy

demonstrate:

v. show clearly and deliberately; manifest; confirm; prove

dense:

a. thick; crowded closely together; compact

density:

n. thickness; the quantity of something per unit measure, especially per unit length, area, or volume

dependable:

a. reliable; worthy of being depended on; trustworthy

dependent:

a. relying on or requiring the aid of another for support

deposit:

n. money given as a guarantee or security

derivative:

a. unoriginal; derived from another source

depart:

v. take off; leave; set out

dependence:

n. reliance; lack of independence or self-sufficiency

depict:

v. represent in a picture or sculpture; portray in words; describe

depressed:

a. sad; gloomy; low in spirits;dejected

desalination:

n. removal of salt; a process of removing salt from seawater to make drinking water

deserted:

a. remote from civilization; left desolate or empty; abandoned

desolate:

a. unpopulated; providing no shelter or sustenance; devoid of inhabitants

despoiler:

n. someone who takes spoils or plunder; one who despoils or strips by force; a plunderer

deterrent:

n. something that discourages; tending to deter

device:

n. technique or means; instrument; machine used to perform one or more relatively simple tasks

desirable:

a. worthwhile; worth doing or achieving; advisable

desperately:

ad. with great urgency; seriously; severely

destination:

n. ultimate goal; the place to which one is going or directed

devastate:

v. ruin; lay waste; destroy; make desolate

diagonal:

n. a straight line connecting any two vertices of a polygon that are not adjacent